Revised Model Curriculum for UG Degree Course in Mechanical Engineering

2023

ALL INDIA COUNCIL FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION
Nelson Mandela Marg, Vasant Kunj, New Delhi 110070
www.aicte-india.org
## Committee for Model Curriculum

<table>
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<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
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<th>Designation &amp; Organization</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Prof. B. Ravi</td>
<td>Professor, Mechanical Engineering Department, IIT Bombay (Chair)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Prof. A.M. Kuthe</td>
<td>Professor, Mechanical Engineering Department, VNIT Nagpur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Prof. G.K. Ananthasuresh</td>
<td>Professor, Mechanical Engineering Department, IISc Bangalore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Prof. Bajirao Gawali</td>
<td>Professor, Mechanical Engineering Department, W.C.E., Sangli</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Prof. K.V. Gangadharan</td>
<td>Professor, Mechanical Engineering Department, NIT Surathkal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Prof. P.V.M. Rao</td>
<td>Professor, Mechanical Engineering Department, IIT Delhi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Dr. Nagahanumaiah</td>
<td>Director, CMTI Bangalore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Dr. U. Chandrasekhar</td>
<td>Advisor, Wipro3D, Bangalore</td>
</tr>
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</table>
MESSAGE

The quality of technical education depends on many factors but largely on outcome based socially and industrially relevant curriculum, good quality motivated faculty, teaching learning process, effective industry internship and evaluation of students based on desired outcomes. Therefore, it was imperative that a Model Curriculum be prepared by best experts from academia and industry, keeping in view the latest industry trends and market requirements and be made available to all universities / board of technical education and engineering institutions in the country. AICTE constituted team of experts to prepare the model curriculum of UG Degree Course in Mechanical Engineering. Similar exercise is done for other UG, Diploma and PG level in engineering, MBA, PGDM, Architecture, etc.

It comprises of basic science and engineering courses, having focus on fundamentals, significant discipline level courses and ample electives both from the disciplines and cross disciplines including emerging areas all within a cumulative structure of 160 credits. Summer Internships have been embedded to make the student understand the industry requirements and have hands on experience. Virtual Labs has been introduced for few experiments. Also, most courses have been mapped to its equivalent SWAYAM/NPTEL Course to offer an alternative for learning that course online from SWAYAM. These features will allow students to develop a problem-solving approach to face the challenges in the future and develop outcome based learning approach.

As a major initiative by AICTE, a three-week mandatory induction program for students has also been designed and has to be given at the beginning of the course. The idea behind this is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

AICTE places on record, special thanks to Prof. B. Ravi, Prof. A.M. Kuthe, Prof. G.K. Ananthasuresh, Prof. Bajirao Gawali, Prof. K.V. Gangadharan, Prof. P.V.M. Rao, Dr. Nagahanumaiah, Dr. U. Chandrasekhar and other committee members. We are sure that this Model Curriculum will help to enhance not just the employability skills but will also enable youngsters to become job creators.

We strongly urge the institutions / universities / boards of technical education in India to adopt this Model Curriculum at the earliest. This is a suggestive curriculum and the concerned university / institution / board should build on and exercise flexibility in readjustment of courses within the overall 160 credits.

(Prof. T G Sitharam)
Chairman
All India Council for Technical Education
PREFACE

Taking cognizance of growing concern about quality of technical education in India, AICTE in its 49th council meeting held on 14.03.2017 approved a package of measures for improving quality of technical education - Revision of Curriculum, Mandatory Internship, and Student Induction Program were amongst the few.

AICTE constituted committee of academia industry experts to prepare model curriculum of UG Course in Mechanical Engineering. During the development of curriculum, the employability and employment opportunities for graduates, future ready workforce who will be skilled enough to handle the rapid growth in the field of Semiconductor, were kept in mind.

AICTE has introduced mandatory internship in the new curriculum which will equip the students with practical understanding and training about industry practices in a suitable industry or organization. In the course of development of model curriculum, the committee took feedback of industry experts on the draft curriculum and accordingly modified the draft before finalization. This exercise has ensured that essential emphasis on industry requirements and market trends, employability and problem solving approach is given.

After due deliberations, the scheme and syllabus have been formulated. Salient features of this model curriculum are enumerated as under:

- Reduced number of credits.
- Introduction of Student Induction Program.
- Well defined learning objectives & outcomes for each course.
- Inclusion of courses on socially relevant topics.
- Built-in flexibility to the students in terms of professional elective and open elective courses.
- Mandatory internship to equip the students with practical knowledge and provide them exposure to real time industrial environments.
- Virtual Labs.
- Mapping of Courses to its equivalent NPTEL/SWAYAM Course.
- Course on ‘Entrepreneurship and Startups’ to encourage entrepreneurial mindset.
- Introduction of Design Thinking and Universal Human Value course.

Thanks for the time and efforts of the members of the working group Chaired by Prof. B. Ravi, and which included, Prof. A.M. Kuthe, Prof. G.K. Ananthasuresh, Prof. Bajirao Gawali, Prof. K.V. Gangadharan, Prof. P.V.M. Rao, Dr. Nagahanumaiah, Dr. U. Chandrasekhar and other committee members.

Special thanks to Prof. T G Sitharam, Chairman; Dr. Abhay Jere, Vice- Chairman and Prof. Rajive Kumar, Member Secretary, AICTE who all have been instrumental and encouraging throughout the process of development of this model curriculum, and the dedicated efforts of Dr. Naveen Arora, Assistant Director (P&AP); Dr. Anil Sharma, Assistant Director (P&AP), Mr. Rakesh Kumar Pandit, Young Professional (P&AP); and other office staff of AICTE.

Dr. Ramesh Unnikrishnan
Advisor – II (P&AP)
PREAMBLE

Mechanical engineering involves scientific analysis, problem-solving and knowledge integration using appropriate tools to model, design, produce and maintain products or systems containing mechanical elements to meet the desired requirements.

The curriculum revision committee included representation from various engineering institutes, government R&D labs and manufacturing sector. The committee members met multiple times in 2021-2022 to deliberate the curriculum. They studied existing curricula at well-known universities across the world, and had extensive discussions with domain experts representing a wide range of backgrounds and experience.

A brainstorming workshop on ‘Future of Mechanical Engineering’ organized by IISc Bangalore on 10th July 2021 in the beginning, and Mechanical Engineering Education Leadership Summit organized by ASME India Chapter on 10th March 2022, enabled obtaining and consolidating multiple views.

The revised model curriculum takes into cognizance the prevailing and emerging requirements of the industry and society. It provides a balanced mix of courses related to science, engineering, technology and practice (labs, projects), as well as humanities.

Given the rising importance of electronics, information and communication technology in all aspects of life, the relevant courses have been introduced or strengthened.

Students are provided greater flexibility in electives based on their career aspirations. They can suitably orient themselves toward academics, research, innovation, industry, entrepreneurship or any other direction.

The revised model curriculum is aligned with the New Education Policy, which promotes holistic, experiential and inter-disciplinary education. Hands-on learning, relevant lab experiments and examples from industry have been emphasised.

The committee members would like to take this opportunity to thank AICTE for inviting them to this exercise and allowing them ample freedom to revise the curriculum.

Program Educational Objectives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PEO-1</th>
<th>Plan, design, construct, maintain and improve mechanical engineering systems that are technically sound, economically feasible and socially acceptable.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PEO-2</td>
<td>Apply analytical, computational and experimental techniques to address the challenges faced in mechanical and allied engineering streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PEO-3</td>
<td>Communicate effectively using conventional platforms as well as innovative / online tools and demonstrate collaboration, networking &amp; entrepreneurial skills.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PEO-4</td>
<td>Exhibit professionalism, ethical attitude, team spirit and pursue lifelong learning to achieve career, organizational and societal goals.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Program Outcomes

| PO-1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering and technology to the solution of complex mechanical engineering problems. |
| PO-2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review existing literature, and analyze complex engineering problems to reach substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO-3 | Design/Development of solutions: Design solutions for mechanical engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for societal, economical and environmental considerations. |
| PO-4 | Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO-5 | Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex mechanical engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. |
| PO-6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to professional engineering practice. |
| PO-7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO-8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO-9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO-10 | Communication: Communicate effectively with the engineering community and with society at large, including the ability to comprehend, create effective reports, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO-11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one’s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO-12 | Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. |

Program Specific Outcomes

| PSO-1 | Apply mechanical and interdisciplinary knowledge to analyze, design and manufacture products to address the needs of the society. |
| PSO-2 | Apply state of the art tools and techniques to conceptualize, design and introduce new products, processes, systems and services. |
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</table>
GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE
& CREDIT DISTRIBUTION
GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE & THEME

A. Definition of Credit:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Suggested Breakup of Credits (Total 160)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week</td>
<td>1 Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week</td>
<td>1 Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Hr. Practical (P) per week</td>
<td>0.5 Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Hours Practical (P) per week</td>
<td>1 Credit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. Range of Credits: In the light of the fact that a typical Model Four-year Under Graduate degree program in Engineering has about 160 credits, the total number of credits proposed for the four-year B. Tech/B.E. in Mechanical Engineering (Engineering & Technology) is kept as 160.

C. Structure of UG Program in ME: The structure of UG program in Mechanical Engineering shall have essentially the following categories of courses with the breakup of credits as given:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No.</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Suggested Breakup of Credits (Total 160)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses</td>
<td>12*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Basic Science courses</td>
<td>29*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc.</td>
<td>27*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Professional core courses</td>
<td>58*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch</td>
<td>9*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Open subjects – Electives from other technical and/or emerging subjects</td>
<td>9*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere</td>
<td>16*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction Program, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition]</td>
<td>(non-credit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>160</strong></td>
</tr>
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</table>

*Minor variation is allowed as per need of the respective disciplines.
# Model Curriculum of Mechanical Engineering

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester - 1</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Semester - 2</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. Biology for Engineers</td>
<td>3:0:0:3</td>
<td>3. Programming for Problem Solving</td>
<td>2:0:4:4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Engineering Graphics &amp; Design</td>
<td>1:0:4:3</td>
<td>5. Communication Skills (English)</td>
<td>0:0:4:2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Design Thinking &amp; Idea Lab</td>
<td>0:0:2:1</td>
<td>6. Universal Human Values-2</td>
<td>2:1:0:3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Sports and Yoga or NSS/NCC</td>
<td></td>
<td>7. Sports and Yoga or NSS/NCC</td>
<td>2:0:0:0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Credits</strong></td>
<td>20</td>
<td><strong>Total Credits</strong></td>
<td>20</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester - 3</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Semester - 4</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Credits</strong></td>
<td>22</td>
<td><strong>Total Credits</strong></td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester – 5</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Semester – 6</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6. HSS/Management Elective-1</td>
<td>3:0:0:3</td>
<td>6. HSS/Management Elective-2</td>
<td>3:0:0:3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Engineering Project-1 (Seminar)</td>
<td></td>
<td>7. Engineering Project-1 (Seminar)</td>
<td>0:0:4:2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Credits</strong></td>
<td>21</td>
<td><strong>Total Credits</strong></td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester – 7</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Semester – 8</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Professional Elective-1</td>
<td>3:0:0:3</td>
<td>1. Professional Elective-3</td>
<td>3:0:0:3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Professional Elective-2</td>
<td>3:0:0:3</td>
<td>2. Open Elective-3</td>
<td>3:0:0:3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Open Elective-1</td>
<td>3:0:0:3</td>
<td>3. Engineering Project-3 (Prototype &amp; Testing)</td>
<td>0:0:16:8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Open Elective-2</td>
<td>3:0:0:3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Engineering Project-2 (Design &amp; Analysis)</td>
<td>0:0:10:5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Seminar</td>
<td>0:0:2:1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Credits</strong></td>
<td>18</td>
<td><strong>Total Credits</strong></td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Professional Electives (PEL):** Total 3 to be taken, at least one from each group – *Technology* and *Industry Sector*, based on Project topic and individual interest. Illustrative courses are listed here.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Professional Electives (PEL)</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Finite Element Analysis</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computational Fluid Dynamics</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Plant Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewable Energy Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Design for Manufacturing &amp; Assembly</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eco-Friendly (Green) Design</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additive Manufacturing</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Die, Mold and Tool Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automotive Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aerospace Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biomedical Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Technology</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nuclear Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Textile Engineering</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Humanities & Social Sciences & Mgt. Electives (HSM):** Any 2 courses from the list of those offered.

**Open Electives (OEL):** Any 3 courses (from any department), based on individual interest and project.

**Industry internship:** Internship in industry, start-up or R&D lab in 2nd/3rd year summer is compulsory (audit). Longer internship for 6-monthly (9 credits) or full-year including summer (18 credits) can be taken in 7th/8th semester, *in lieu of* Engineering Project and Electives. The internship must be properly evaluated.

**TOTAL = 160 credits**

**D. Course code and definition:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course code</th>
<th>Definitions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>Lecture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>Tutorial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Practical</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BSC</td>
<td>Basic Science Courses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESC</td>
<td>Engineering Science Courses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSMC</td>
<td>Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCC</td>
<td>Professional core courses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PEC</td>
<td>Professional Elective courses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OEC</td>
<td>Open Elective courses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC</td>
<td>Laboratory course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MC</td>
<td>Mandatory courses</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Course level coding scheme:** Three-digit number (odd numbers are for the odd semester courses and even numbers are for even semester courses) used as suffix with the Course Code for identifying the level of the course. Digit at hundred’s place signifies the year in which course is offered. e.g.

101, 102 ... etc. for first year.
201, 202 ... Etc. for second year.
301, 302 ... for third year.
Category-wise Courses

HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES COURSES [HS] & MANAGEMENT COURSES

(2 compulsory + 2 others)

(i) Number of Humanities & Social Science Courses: 4
(ii) Credits: 12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl.</th>
<th>Code No.</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>HSMC 01</td>
<td>Communication Skills / English (Compulsory)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2:0:2=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>HSMC 02</td>
<td>Universal Human Values-2 (Compulsory course)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2:1:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>HSMC 03</td>
<td>Industrial Psychology</td>
<td>5 / 6</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>HSMC 04</td>
<td>Operations Research</td>
<td>5 / 6</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>HSMC 05</td>
<td>Project Management</td>
<td>5 / 6</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>HSMC 06</td>
<td>Finance &amp; Accounting</td>
<td>5 / 6</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Credits: 12

BASIC SCIENCE COURSE [BSC] (Total 8)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl.</th>
<th>Code No.</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>BSC 101</td>
<td>Physics-1 (Electromagnetism)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3:1:2=5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>BSC 201</td>
<td>Physics-2 (Optics &amp; Waves)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3:1:2=5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>BSC 102</td>
<td>Mathematics-1 (Calculus &amp; Linear Algebra)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>Mathematics-2 (ODE, Complex variables)</td>
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<td>BSC 202</td>
<td>Mathematics-3 (PDE, Prob/Stat)</td>
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<td>3:1:0=4</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>3:0:0=3</td>
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<td>8</td>
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Total Credits: 29

ENGINEERING SCIENCE COURSE [ESC] (Total 8)

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<td>1</td>
<td>1:0:4=3</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>Design Thinking + Idea Lab (Audit)</td>
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<td>Manufacturing Practice Workshop</td>
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<td>Applied Thermodynamics</td>
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Total Credits: 27

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## PROFESSIONAL CORE COURSES [PCC] (Total 16)

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<td>Heat Transfer &amp; Thermal Machines</td>
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<td>Mechanics of Deformable Solids</td>
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<td>Engineering Materials &amp; Applications</td>
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Total Credits: **58**

## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE [PEC]
(Total 3 to be taken, at least one from each group)

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<tr>
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<td>Refrigeration &amp; Air Conditioning</td>
<td>7 / 8</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>PEC-MEL 402</td>
<td>Power Plant Engineering</td>
<td>7 / 8</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>PEC-MEL 403</td>
<td>Renewable Energy Engineering</td>
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<td>PEC-MEL 404</td>
<td>Finite Element Analysis</td>
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<td>Computational Fluid Dynamics</td>
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<td>PEC-MEL 408</td>
<td>Die, Mould and Tool Engineering</td>
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<td><strong>INDUSTRY SECTOR GROUP</strong></td>
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<td>5</td>
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<td>Food Technology</td>
<td>7 / 8</td>
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<td>PEC-MEL 416</td>
<td>Marine Engineering</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>PEC-MEL 417</td>
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<td>Textile Engineering</td>
<td>7 / 8</td>
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Total Credits: **9**

******
# AICTE revised Model Curriculum for UG Degree Course in Mechanical Engineering

## ENGINEERING PROJECT (3 Stages)

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Sl.</th>
<th>Code No.</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
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<td>Engineering Project-1 (Literature Review)</td>
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<td>PROJ-ME 401</td>
<td>Engineering Project-2 (Design &amp; Analysis)</td>
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<td>SEM-ME 402</td>
<td>Seminar</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>PROJ-ME 403</td>
<td>Engineering Project-3 (Prototype &amp; Testing)</td>
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<td><strong>Total Credits:</strong></td>
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OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES (3 courses from any department) in 7th / 8th semester = 9 credits

TOTAL = 160 credits | BSC = 18%, ESC = 17%, PCC = 36%, PEL+HSM+OEL = 9%, PROJ = 10% || LABS = 10%

NEW AND ELECTRONICS/IT-ORIENTED CORE COURSES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl.</th>
<th>Code No.</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ESC 103</td>
<td>Design Thinking &amp; Idea Lab (New)</td>
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<td>0:0:2=1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>ESC 103</td>
<td>Programming for Problem Solving</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3:0:4=5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>ESC 201</td>
<td>Basic Electronics Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3:1:2=5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>PCC ME 302</td>
<td>Mechatronics, Robotics and Control (New)</td>
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<td>3:1:0=4</td>
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<td>PCC ME 306</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>PCC ME 307</td>
<td>Manufacturing Automation (Updated)</td>
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<td>3:1:0=4</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>PCC ME 309</td>
<td>Product Innovation and Entrepreneurship (New)</td>
<td>7</td>
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<td>27</td>
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INDUCTION PROGRAM

The Essence and Details of Induction program can also be understood from the ‘Detailed Guide on Student Induction program’, as available on AICTE Portal, (Link: https://www.aicteindia.org/sites/default/files/Detailed%20Guide%20on%20Student%20Induction%20program.pdf). For more, Refer Appendix III.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Induction program (mandatory)</th>
<th>Three-week duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Induction program for students to be offered right at the start of the first year. | • Physical activity  
• Creative Arts  
• Universal Human Values  
• Literary  
• Proficiency Modules  
• Lectures by Eminent People  
• Visits to local Areas  
• Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations |

E. Mandatory Visits/ Workshop/Expert Lectures:

a. It is mandatory to arrange one industrial visit every semester for the students of each branch.

b. It is mandatory to conduct a One-week workshop during the winter break after fifth semester on professional/ industry/ entrepreneurial orientation.

c. It is mandatory to organize at least one expert lecture per semester for each branch by inviting resource persons from domain specific industry.

F. Evaluation Scheme (Suggestive only):

a. For Theory Courses:  
(The weightage of Internal assessment is 40% and for End Semester Exam is 60%)  
The student has to obtain at least 40% marks individually both in internal assessment and end semester exams to pass.

b. For Practical Courses:  
(The weightage of Internal assessment is 60% and for End Semester Exam is 40%)  
The student has to obtain at least 40% marks individually both in internal assessment and end semester exams to pass.

c. For Summer Internship / Projects / Seminar etc.  
Evaluation is based on work done, quality of report, performance in viva-voce, presentation etc.

Note: The internal assessment is based on the student’s performance in mid semester tests (two best out of three), quizzes, assignments, class performance, attendance, viva-voce in practical, lab record etc.
G. Mapping of Marks to Grades

Each course (Theory/Practical) is to be assigned 100 marks, irrespective of the number of credits, and the mapping of marks to grades may be done as per the following table:

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<th>Assigned Grade</th>
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<tr>
<td>81-90</td>
<td>AB/A</td>
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<tr>
<td>71-80</td>
<td>BB/B’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61-70</td>
<td>BC/B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51-60</td>
<td>CC/C’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46-50</td>
<td>CD/C</td>
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<td>40-45</td>
<td>DD/D</td>
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<td>&lt; 40</td>
<td>FF/F (Fail due to less marks)</td>
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<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>F(R) (Fail due to shortage of attendance and therefore, to repeat the course)</td>
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*******
Semester wise Structure
### SEMESTER 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl.</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>L</th>
<th>T</th>
<th>P</th>
<th>Total H</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>BSC</td>
<td>BSC 101</td>
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<th>P</th>
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<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Chemistry-1</td>
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<td>3.</td>
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<td>ESC 104</td>
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<th>P</th>
<th>Total H</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<td>BSC</td>
<td>BSC 202</td>
<td>Mathematics-3 (PDE, Prob/Stat)</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>BSC</td>
<td>BSC 103</td>
<td>Environment Science (Audit)</td>
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### SEMESTER 4

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<tr>
<td>1.</td>
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<td>Heat Transfer &amp; Thermal Machines</td>
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<td>Mechanics of Deformable Solids</td>
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### SEMESTER 5
### SEMESTER 5

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**Total = 24 credits**

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**Total = 28 credits**

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**Total = 18 credits**

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**Total = 160 credits**
SEMESTER – I
SEMESTER I

BSC-101  Physics-I (Electromagnetism)  3L:1T:2P  5 Credits

Course Objective:
To enhance the fundamental knowledge in Physics and its applications relevant to various streams of Engineering and Technology.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-requisites (if any): Mathematics course with vector calculus</td>
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Module I: Electrostatics in vacuum
Calculation of electric field and electrostatic potential for a charge distribution; Divergence and curl of electrostatic field; Laplace’s and Poisson’s equations for electrostatic potential and uniqueness of their solution and connection with steady state diffusion and thermal conduction; Practical examples like Faraday’s cage and coffee-ring effect; Boundary conditions of electric field and electrostatic potential; method of images; energy of a charge distribution and its expression in terms of electric field.

Module II: Electrostatics in a linear dielectric medium
Electrostatic field and potential of a dipole. Bound charges due to electric polarization; Electric displacement; boundary conditions on displacement; Solving simple electrostatics problems in presence of dielectrics – Point charge at the center of a dielectric sphere, charge in front of a dielectric slab, dielectric slab and dielectric sphere in uniform electric field.

Module III: Magneto statics
Bio-Savart law, Divergence and curl of static magnetic field; vector potential and calculating it for a given magnetic field using Stokes’ theorem; the equation for the vector potential and its solution for given current densities.

Module IV: Magneto statics in a linear magnetic medium
Magnetization and associated bound currents; auxiliary magnetic field H; Boundary conditions on B and H. Solving for magnetic field due to simple magnets like a bar magnet; magnetic susceptibility and ferromagnetic, paramagnetic and diamagnetic materials; Qualitative discussion of magnetic field in presence of magnetic materials.

Module V: Faraday’s law
Faraday’s law in terms of EMF produced by changing magnetic flux; equivalence of Faraday’s law and motional EMF; Lenz’s law; Electromagnetic breaking and its applications; Differential form of Faraday’s law expressing curl of electric field in terms of time-derivative of magnetic field and calculating electric field due to changing magnetic fields in quasi-static approximation; energy stored in a magnetic field.
Module VI: Displacement current, Magnetic field due to time-dependent electric field and Maxwell’s equations

Continuity equation for current densities; Modifying equation for the curl of magnetic field to satisfy continuity equation; displace current and magnetic field arising from time dependent electric field; calculating magnetic field due to changing electric fields in quasistatic approximation. Maxwell’s equation in vacuum and non-conducting medium; Energy in an electromagnetic field; Flow of energy and Pointing vector with examples. Qualitative discussion of momentum in electromagnetic fields.

Module VII: Electromagnetic waves

The wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, their transverse nature and polarization; relation between electric and magnetic fields of an electromagnetic wave; energy carried by electromagnetic waves and examples. Momentum carried by electromagnetic waves and resultant pressure. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

Laboratory/ Practicals:

Choice of experiments from the following:

1. Experiments on electromagnetic induction and electromagnetic braking;
2. LC circuit and LCR circuit;
3. Resonance phenomena in LCR circuits;
4. Magnetic field from Helmholtz coil;

Text Books/Suggested References:

2. Bhattacharya & Nag, Engineering Physics
3. David Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics
4. Halliday and Resnick, Physics
5. W. Saslow, Electricity, magnetism and light
6. Malik, Singh, Engineering Physics, Tata McGraw Hill

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>NPTEL Course Name</th>
<th>Instructor</th>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>INTRODUCTION TO ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY</td>
<td>PROF. MANOJ HARBOLA</td>
<td>IIT KANPUR</td>
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EXPERIMENTS THAT MAY BE PERFORMED THROUGH VIRTUAL LABS:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
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<th>Experiment Link(s)</th>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Resonance phenomena in LCR circuits</td>
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| BSC-102          | Mathematics-I          | 3L:1T:0P     | 4 Credits |

Course Objectives:

The goal of this course is to achieve conceptual understanding and to retain the best traditions of traditional calculus. The syllabus is designed to provide the basic tools of calculus mainly for the purpose of modelling the engineering problems mathematically and obtaining solutions. This is a foundation course which mainly deals with topics such as single variable and multivariable calculus and plays an important role in the understanding of science, engineering, economics and computer science, among other disciplines.

Course Contents:

Module 1: Basic Calculus: (6 hours)

Curvature, evolutes and involutes; Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions.
Module 2: Single-variable Calculus (Differentiation): (6 hours)

Rolle’s Theorem, Mean value theorems and applications; Extreme values of functions; Linear approximation; Indeterminate forms and L’ Hospital's rule.

Module 3: Sequences and series: (10 hours)

Limits of sequence of numbers, Calculation of limits, Infinite series; Tests for convergence; Power series, Taylor and Maclaurin series; Taylor theorem, convergence of Taylor series, error estimates.

Module 4: Multivariable Calculus (Differentiation): (8 hours)

Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, directional derivatives, gradient, total derivative; Tangent plane and normal line; Maxima, minima and saddle points; Method of Lagrange multipliers.

Module 5: Multivariable Calculus (Integration): (10 hours)

Multiple Integration: Double integrals (Cartesian), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar), Applications: areas and volumes, Center of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities); Triple integrals (Cartesian), orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, Simple applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelepipeds; Scalar line integrals, vector line integrals, scalar surface integrals, vector surface integrals, Gradient, curl and divergence, Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES:


Note: The modules have been prepared keeping the following from the Textbooks/References in mind:

(1) Module 1: The relevant sections from Chapters 2, 6 and 11 of [3].
(2) Module 2: Sections 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.7 & 6.6 of [1].
(3) Module 3: Sections 8.1-8.6, 8.8-8.10 of [1].
(4) Module 4: Sections 12.1-12.5, 12.7-12.9 of [1].
Course outcomes: The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in calculus, multivariate differentiation and integration. It aims to equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level that will serve them well towards tackling more advanced level of mathematics and applications that they would find useful in their disciplines.

The students will learn

- To apply differential and integral calculus to notions of curvature and to improper integrals. Apart from some other applications they will have a basic understanding of Beta and Gamma functions.
- The fallouts of Rolle’s Theorem that is fundamental to application of analysis to Engineering problems.
- The tool of power series and Fourier series for learning advanced Engineering Mathematics.
- To deal with functions of several variables that are essential in most branches of engineering.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.

*****

| BS-103 | Biology (Biology for Engineers) | 2L:1T:0P | 3 credits |

Module 1. Introduction

Purpose: To convey that Biology is as important a scientific discipline as Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry

Bring out the fundamental differences between science and engineering by drawing a comparison between eye and camera, Bird flying and aircraft. Mention the most exciting aspect of biology as an independent scientific discipline. Why we need to study biology? Discuss how biological observations of 18th Century that lead to major discoveries. Examples from Brownian motion and the origin of thermodynamics by referring to the original observation of Robert Brown and Julius Mayor. These examples will highlight the fundamental importance of observations in any scientific inquiry.

Module 2. Classification

Purpose: To convey that classification per se is not what biology is all about. The underlying criterion, such as morphological, biochemical or ecological be highlighted.

Hierarchy of life forms at phenomenological level. A common thread weaves this hierarchy Classification. Discuss classification based on (a) cellularity- Unicellular or multicellular (b) ultrastructure- prokaryotes or eucaryotes. (c) energy and Carbon utilization -Autotrophs, heterotrophs, lithotropes (d) Ammonia excretion – aminotelic, uricoteliec, ureotelie (e) Habitata- aquatic or terrestrial (e) Molecular taxonomy- three major kingdoms of life. A given organism can come under different category based on classification. Model organisms for the study of biology come from different groups. E.coli, S.cerevisiae, D. Melanogaster, C. elegance, A. Thaliana, M. musculus

Module 3 -Genetics

Purpose: To convey that “Genetics is to biology what Newton’s laws are to Physical Sciences” Mendel’s laws, Concept of segregation and independent assortment. Concept of
allele. Gene mapping, Gene interaction, Epistasis. Meiosis and Mitosis be taught as a part of genetics. Emphasis to be give not to the mechanics of cell division nor the phases but how genetic material passes from parent to offspring. Concepts of recessiveness and dominance. Concept of mapping of phenotype to genes. Discuss about the single gene disorders in humans. Discuss the concept of complementation using human genetics.

**Module 4.- Biomolecules**

**Purpose:** To convey that all forms of life has the same building blocks and yet the manifestations are as diverse as one can imagine

Molecules of life. In this context discuss monomeric units and polymeric structures. Discuss about sugars, starch and cellulose. Amino acids and proteins. Nucleotides and DNA/RNA. Two carbon units and lipids

**Module 5. Enzymes**

**Purpose:** To convey that without catalysis life would not have existed on earth


**Module 6. Information Transfer**

**Purpose:** The molecular basis of coding and decoding genetic information is universal

Molecular basis of information transfer. DNA as a genetic material. Hierarchy of DNA structure- from single stranded to double helix to nucleosomes. Concept of genetic code. Universality and degeneracy of genetic code. Define gene in terms of complementation and recombination. DICOM Image formats, The DNA Technology (Use and Application) Regulation Bill, 2019

**Module 7. Macromolecular analysis**

**Purpose:** How to analyses biological processes at the reductionistic level


**Module 8.- Metabolism**

**Purpose:** The fundamental principles of energy transactions are the same in physical and biological world.

Thermodynamics as applied to biological systems. Exothermic and endothermic versus endergonic and exergoing reactions. Concept of Keq and its relation to standard free energy. Spontaneity. ATP as an energy currency. This should include the breakdown of glucose to CO2 + H2O (Glycolysis and Krebs cycle) and synthesis of glucose from CO2 and H2O (Photosynthesis). Energy yielding and energy consuming reactions. Concept of Energy charge

**Module 9. Microbiology**

References:

2) Biology: A global approach: Campbell, N. A.; Reece, J. B.; Urry, Lisa; Cain, M, L.; Wasserman, S. A.; Minorsky, P. V.; Jackson, R. B. Pearson Education Ltd
3) Outlines of Biochemistry, Conn, E.E; Stumpf, P.K; Bruening, G; Doi, R.H., John Wiley and Sons
5) Molecular Genetics (Second edition), Stent, G. S.; and Calender, R.W.H. Freeman and company, Distributed by Satish Kumar Jain for CBS Publisher

Course Outcomes

After studying the course, the student will be able to:

- Describe how biological observations of 18th Century that lead to major discoveries.
- Convey that classification per se is not what biology is all about but highlight the underlying criteria, such as morphological, biochemical and ecological
- Highlight the concepts of recessiveness and dominance during the passage of genetic material from parent to offspring
- Convey that all forms of life have the same building blocks and yet the manifestations are as diverse as one can imagine
- Classify enzymes and distinguish between different mechanisms of enzyme action.
- Identify DNA as a genetic material in the molecular basis of information transfer.
- Analyse biological processes at the reductionistic level
- Apply thermodynamic principles to biological systems.
- Identify and classify microorganisms
Course Objective:

The objective of this Course is to provide the students with an introductory and broad treatment of the field of Electrical Engineering.

Course Contents:

Module I: D. C. Circuits covering, Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws; Analysis of series, parallel and series-parallel circuits excited by independent voltage sources; Power and energy; Electromagnetism covering, Faraday's Laws, Lenz's Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically and dynamically induced EMF; Concepts of self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling; Energy stored in magnetic fields;

Module II: Single Phase A.C. Circuits covering, Generation of sinusoidal voltage- definition of average value, root mean square value, form factor and peak factor of sinusoidal voltage and current and phasor representation of alternating quantities; Analysis with phasor diagrams of R, L, C, RL, RC and RLC circuits; Real power, reactive power, apparent power and power factor, series, parallel and series-parallel circuits; Three Phase A.C. Circuits covering, Necessity and Advantages of three phase systems, Generation of three phase power, definition of Phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load; Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star and delta connections; Power in balanced three phase circuits, measurement of power by two wattmeter method;

Module III: Transformers covering, Principle of operation and construction of single phase transformers (core and shell types). EMF equation, losses, efficiency and voltage regulation; Synchronous Generators covering, Principle of operation; Types and constructional features; EMF equation;

Module IV: DC Machines covering, working principle of DC machine as a generator and a motor; Types and constructional features; EMF equation of generator, relation between EMF induced and terminal voltage enumerating the brush drop and drop due to armature reaction; DC motor working principle; Back EMF and its significance, torque equation; Types of D.C. motors, characteristics and applications; Necessity of a starter for DC motor;

Module V: Three Phase Induction Motors covering; Concept of rotating magnetic field; Principle of operation, types and constructional features; Slip and its significance; Applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors; Necessity of a starter, star-delta starter.

Module VI: Sources of Electrical Power covering, Introduction to Wind, Solar, Fuel cell, Tidal, Geothermal, Hydroelectric, Thermal-steam, diesel, gas, nuclear power plants; Concept of cogeneration, and distributed generation;

TEXT/REFERENCES BOOKS:

2. Ritu Sahdev (2022), Basic Electrical Engineering, Khanna Book Publishing.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>NPTEL Course Name</th>
<th>Instructor</th>
<th>Host Institute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>BASIC ELECTRIC CIRCUITS</td>
<td>PROF. ANKUSH SHARMA</td>
<td>IIT KANPUR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>BASIC ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS</td>
<td>PROF. NAGENDRA KRISHNAPURA</td>
<td>IITM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING</td>
<td>PROF. DEBAPRIYA DAS</td>
<td>IIT KGP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The students will learn:

1. To explain strong basics of Electrical Engineering and practical implementation of Electrical fundamentals.
2. To identify different applications of commonly used electrical machinery.

******
COURSE OBJECTIVE(S):

The objective of this Course is to provide the basic knowledge about Engineering Drawing. Detailed concepts are given in projections, technical drawing, dimensioning and specifications, so useful for a student in preparing for an engineering career.

COURSE CONTENTS:

**Traditional Engineering Graphics:** Principles of Engineering Graphics; Orthographic Projection; Descriptive Geometry; Drawing Principles; Isometric Projection; Surface Development; Perspective; Reading a Drawing; Sectional Views; Dimensioning & Tolerances; True Length, Angle; intersection, Shortest Distance.

**Computer Graphics:** Engineering Graphics Software; -Spatial Transformations; Orthographic Projections; Model Viewing; Co-ordinate Systems; Multi-view Projection; Exploded Assembly; Model Viewing; Animation; Spatial Manipulation; Surface Modelling; Solid Modelling; Introduction to Building Information Modelling (BIM).

*(Except the basic essential concepts, most of the teaching part can happen concurrently in the laboratory)*

**Module I: Introduction to Engineering Drawing**

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Conic sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola (General method only); Cycloid, Epicycloid, Hypocycloid and Involute; Scales – Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales;

**Module II: Orthographic Projections**

Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions - Projections of Points and lines inclined to both planes; Projections of planes inclined Planes - Auxiliary Planes;

**Module III: Projections of Regular Solids**

Covering those inclined to both the Planes- Auxiliary Views; Draw simple annotation, dimensioning and scale. Floor plans that include: windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc.

**Module IV: Sections and Sectional Views of Right Angular Solids**

Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary Views; Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solids - Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder and Cone; Draw the sectional orthographic views of geometrical solids, objects from industry and dwellings (foundation to slab only).
Module V: Isometric Projections

Principles of Isometric projection – Isometric Scale, Isometric Views, Conventions; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids; Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa, Conventions;

Module VI: Overview of Computer Graphics

Listing the computer technologies that impact on graphical communication, Demonstrating knowledge of the theory of CAD software [such as: The Menu System, Toolbars (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Drawing Area (Background, Crosshairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes and windows, Shortcut menus (Button Bars), The Command Line (where applicable), The Status Bar, Different methods of zoom as used in CAD, Select and erase objects.; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids];

Module VII: Customisation & CAD Drawing

Consisting of set up of the drawing page and the printer, including scale settings, setting up of Modules and drawing limits; ISO and ANSI standards for coordinate dimensioning and tolerancing; Orthographic constraints, Snap to objects manually and automatically; Producing drawings by using various coordinate input entry methods to draw straight lines, Applying various ways of drawing circles;

Module VIII: Annotations, layering & other functions

Covering applying dimensions to objects, applying annotations to drawings; Setting up and use of Layers, layers to create drawings, Create, edit and use customized layers; Changing line lengths through modifying existing lines (extend/lengthen); Printing documents to paper using the print command; orthographic projection techniques; Drawing sectional views of composite right regular geometric solids and project the true shape of the sectioned surface; Drawing annotation, Computer-aided design (CAD) software modeling of parts and assemblies. Parametric and non-parametric solid, surface, and wireframe models. Part editing and two-dimensional documentation of models. Planar projection theory, including sketching of perspective, isometric, multiview, auxiliary, and section views. Spatial visualization exercises. Dimensioning guidelines, tolerancing techniques; dimensioning and scale multi views of dwelling;

Module IX: Demonstration of a simple team design project that illustrates

Geometry and topology of engineered components: creation of engineering models and their presentation in standard 2D blueprint form and as 3D wire-frame and shaded solids; meshed topologies for engineering analysis and tool-path generation for component manufacture; geometric dimensioning and tolerancing; Use of solid-modeling software for creating associative models at the component and assembly levels; floor plans that include: windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc. Applying colour coding according to building drawing practice; Drawing sectional elevation showing foundation to ceiling; Introduction to Building Information Modelling (BIM).
Text/Reference Books:

7. (Corresponding set of) CAD Software Theory and User Manuals.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
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<th>Instructor</th>
<th>Host Institute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>PROF. RAJARAM LAKKARAJU</td>
<td>IIT Kharagpur</td>
<td>ENGINEERING DRAWING AND COMPUTER GRAPHICS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>PROF. NIHAR RANJAN PATRA</td>
<td>IIT Kanpur</td>
<td>ENGINEERING GRAPHICS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Course Outcomes:

All phases of manufacturing or construction require the conversion of new ideas and design concepts into the basic line language of graphics. Therefore, there are many areas (civil, mechanical, electrical, architectural and industrial) in which the skills of the CAD technicians play major roles in the design and development of new products or construction. Students prepare for actual work situations through practical training in a new state-of-the-art computer designed CAD laboratory using engineering software. This course is designed to address:

- to prepare you to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- to prepare you to communicate effectively
- to prepare you to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice

The students will learn:

- To describe engineering design and its place in society.
- To discuss the visual aspects of engineering design.
- To use engineering graphics standards.
- To illustrate solid modelling.
- To use computer-aided geometric design.
- To design creating working drawings.
- To inspect engineering communication.

************
COURSE OBJECTIVE(S):

The objective of this Course is to provide the new ways of creative thinking and Learn the innovation cycle of Design Thinking process for developing innovative products which useful for a student in preparing for an engineering career.

COURSE CONTENTS:

Unit 1: An Insight to Learning
Understanding the Learning Process, Kolb’s Learning Styles, Assessing and Interpreting

Unit 2: Remembering Memory
Understanding the Memory process, Problems in retention, Memory enhancement techniques

Unit 3: Emotions: Experience & Expression
Understanding Emotions: Experience & Expression, Assessing Empathy, Application with Peers

Unit 4: Basics of Design Thinking
Definition of Design Thinking, Need for Design Thinking, Objective of Design Thinking, Concepts & Brainstorming, Stages of Design Thinking Process (explain with examples) – Empathize, Define, Ideate, Prototype, Test

Unit 5: Being Ingenious & Fixing Problem
Understanding Creative thinking process, Understanding Problem Solving, Testing Creative Problem Solving

Unit 6: Process of Product Design

Unit 7: Prototyping & Testing
What is Prototype? Why Prototype? Rapid Prototype Development process, Testing, Sample Example, Test Group Marketing

Unit 8: Celebrating the Difference
Understanding Individual differences & Uniqueness, Group Discussion and Activities to encourage the understanding, acceptance and appreciation of Individual differences
Unit 9: Design Thinking & Customer Centricity
Practical Examples of Customer Challenges, Use of Design Thinking to Enhance Customer Experience, Parameters of Product experience, Alignment of Customer Expectations with Product Design

Unit 10: Feedback, Re-Design & Re-Create
Feedback loop, Focus on User Experience, Address “ergonomic challenges, User focused design, rapid prototyping & testing, final product, Final Presentation – “Solving Practical Engineering Problem through Innovative Product Design & Creative Solution”.

Course Outcomes (CO):
Student will able to:

1. Compare and classify the various learning styles and memory techniques and Apply them in their engineering education
2. Analyze emotional experience and Inspect emotional expressions to better understand users while designing innovative products
3. Develop new ways of creative thinking and Learn the innovation cycle of Design Thinking process for developing innovative products
4. Propose real-time innovative engineering product designs and Choose appropriate frameworks, strategies, techniques during prototype development
5. Perceive individual differences and its impact on everyday decisions and further Create a better customer experience

Text/Reference Books:

1. E Balaguruswamy (2022), Developing Thinking Skills (The way to Success), Khanna Book Publishing Company.

****
Course Objectives:
1. To learn all the skills associated with the tools and inventory associated with the IDEA Lab.
2. Learn useful mechanical and electronic fabrication processes.
3. Learn necessary skills to build useful and standalone system/project with enclosures.
4. Learn necessary skills to create print and electronic documentation for the system/project

Course Contents:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit #</th>
<th>Topics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Electronic component familiarization, Understanding electronic system design flow. Schematic design and PCB layout and Gerber creation using EagleCAD. Documentation using Doxygen, Google Docs, Overleaf. Version control tools - GIT and GitHub. Basic 2D and 3D designing using CAD tools such as FreeCAD, Sketchup, Prusa Slicer, FlatCAM, Inkspace, OpenBSP and VeriCUT.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Introduction to basic hand tools - Tape measure, combination square, Vernier caliper, hammers, fasteners, wrenches, pliers, saws, tube cutter, chisels, vice and clamps, tapping and threading. Adhesives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Introduction to Power tools: Power saws, band saw, jigsaw, angle grinder, belt sander, bench grinder, rotary tools. Various types of drill bits,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Familiarization and use of basic measurement instruments - DSO including various triggering modes, DSO probes, DMM, LCR bridge, Signal and function generator. Logic analyzer and MSO. Bench power supply (with 4-wire output) Circuit prototyping using (a) breadboard, (b) Zero PCB (c) ‘Manhattan’ style and (d) custom PCB. Single, double and multilayer PCBs. Single and double-sided PCB prototype fabrication in the lab. Soldering using soldering iron/station. Soldering using a temperature controlled reflow oven. Automated circuit assembly and soldering using pick and place machines. Mechanical cutting processes - 3-axis CNC routing, basic turning, milling, drilling and grinding operations, Laser cutting, Laser engraving etc. Basic welding and brazing and other joining techniques for assembly. Concept of Lab aboard a Box.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3D printing and prototyping technology – 3D printing using FDM, SLS and SLA. Basics of 3D scanning, point cloud data generation for reverse engineering.

Prototyping using subtractive cutting processes. 2D and 3D Structures for prototype building using Laser cutter and CNC routers.

Basics of IPR and patents; Accessing and utilizing patent information in IDEA Lab

4. Discussion and implementation of a mini project.

5. Documentation of the mini project (Report and video).

Laboratory Activities:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>List of Lab activities and experiments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Schematic and PCB layout design of a suitable circuit, fabrication and testing of the circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Machining of 3D geometry on soft material such as soft wood or modelling wax.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>3D scanning of computer mouse geometry surface. 3D printing of scanned geometry using FDM or SLA printer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>2D profile cutting of press fit box/casing in acrylic (3 or 6 mm thickness)/cardboard, MDF (2 mm) board using laser cutter &amp; engraver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>2D profile cutting on plywood/MDF (6-12 mm) for press fit designs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Familiarity and use of welding equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Familiarity and use of normal and wood lathe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Embedded programming using Arduino and/or Raspberry Pi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Design and implementation of a capstone project involving embedded hardware, software and machined or 3D printed enclosure.</td>
</tr>
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</table>
### Reference Books:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
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SEMESTER – II
Course Objective:

The objective of the Chemistry-I is to acquaint the students with the basic phenomenon/concepts of chemistry, the student faces during course of their study in the industry and Engineering field. The student with the knowledge of the basic chemistry, will understand and explain scientifically the various chemistry related problems in the industry/engineering field. The student will able to understand the new developments and breakthroughs efficiently in engineering and technology. The introduction of the latest (R&D oriented) topics will make the engineering student upgraded with the new technologies.

Course Content:

Module I: Atomic and Molecular Structure

Schrodinger equation. Particle in a box solutions and their applications for conjugated molecules and nanoparticles. Forms of the hydrogen atom wave functions and the plots of these functions to explore their spatial variations. Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules and plots of the multicenter orbitals. Equations for atomic and molecular orbitals. Energy level diagrams of diatomic. Pi-molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene and aromaticity. Crystal field theory and the energy level diagrams for transition metal ions and their magnetic properties. Band structure of solids and the role of doping on band structures.

Module II: Spectroscopic techniques and applications


Module III: Intermolecular forces and potential energy surfaces

Ionic, dipolar and van Der Waals interactions. Equations of state of real gases and critical phenomena. Potential energy surfaces of H3, H2F and HCN and trajectories on these surfaces.

Module IV: Use of free energy in chemical equilibria (6 lectures)


Module V: Periodic properties

Effective nuclear charge, penetration of orbitals, variations of s, p, d and f orbital energies of atoms in the periodic table, electronic configurations, atomic and ionic sizes, ionization energies, electron
affinity and electronegativity, polarizability, oxidation states, coordination numbers and geometries, hard soft acids and bases, molecular geometries.

**Module VI: Stereochemistry**

Representations of 3 dimensional structures, structural isomers and stereoisomers, configurations and symmetry and chirality, enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity, absolute configurations and conformational analysis. Isomerism in transitional metal compounds.

**Module VII: Organic reactions and synthesis of a drug molecule**

Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction, cyclization and ring openings. Synthesis of a commonly used drug molecule.

**LABORATORY**

Choice of 10-12 experiments from the following:

1. Determination of surface tension and viscosity.
2. Thin layer chromatography.
3. Ion exchange column for removal of hardness of water.
4. Determination of chloride content of water.
5. Colligative properties using freezing point depression.
6. Determination of the rate constant of a reaction.
7. Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions.
8. Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and EMFs.
10. Saponification/acid value of an oil.
11. Chemical analysis of a salt.
12. Lattice structures and packing of spheres.
15. Determination of the partition coefficient of a substance between two immiscible liquids.
16. Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal.
17. Use of the capillary viscosimeters to the demonstrate of the isoelectric point as the pH of minimum viscosity for gelatin sols and/or coagulation of the white part of egg.

**Text/Reference Books:**

### Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>CHEMISTRY - I</td>
<td>PROF. MANGALA SUNDER KRISHNAN</td>
<td>IITM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### EXPERIMENTS THAT MAY BE PERFORMED THROUGH VIRTUAL LABS:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Experiment Name</th>
<th>Experiment Link(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Determination of chloride content of water.</td>
<td><a href="http://vlabs.iitb.ac.in/vlabs-dev/labs/nitk_labs/Environmental_Engineering_1/experiments/determination-of-chloride-nitk/simulation.html">http://vlabs.iitb.ac.in/vlabs-dev/labs/nitk_labs/Environmental_Engineering_1/experiments/determination-of-chloride-nitk/simulation.html</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Colligative properties using freezing point depression.</td>
<td><a href="http://pcv-au.vlabs.ac.in/physical-chemistry/Cryoscopy/">http://pcv-au.vlabs.ac.in/physical-chemistry/Cryoscopy/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Determination of the rate constant of a reaction.</td>
<td><a href="http://pcv-au.vlabs.ac.in/physical-chemistry/EMF_Measurement/">http://pcv-au.vlabs.ac.in/physical-chemistry/EMF_Measurement/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and EMFs.</td>
<td><a href="http://pcv-au.vlabs.ac.in/physical-chemistry/EMF_Measurement/">http://pcv-au.vlabs.ac.in/physical-chemistry/EMF_Measurement/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Saponification/acid value of an oil.</td>
<td><a href="http://biotech01.vlabs.ac.in/bio-chemistry/Estimation_of_Saponification_Value_of_Fats_or_Oils/">http://biotech01.vlabs.ac.in/bio-chemistry/Estimation_of_Saponification_Value_of_Fats_or_Oils/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9 Lattice structures and packing of spheres.  

Course Outcomes: The concepts developed in this course will aid in quantification of several concepts in chemistry that have been introduced at the 10+2 levels in schools. Technology is being increasingly based on the electronic, atomic and molecular level modifications. Quantum theory is more than 100 years old and to understand phenomena at nanometer levels, one has to base the description of all chemical processes at molecular levels. The course will enable the students:

- To analyse microscopic chemistry in terms of atomic and molecular orbitals and intermolecular forces.
- To rationalise bulk properties and processes using thermodynamic considerations.
- To distinguish the ranges of the electromagnetic spectrum used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques.
- To rationalise periodic properties such as ionization potential, electronegativity, oxidation states and electronegativity.
- To list major chemical reactions that are used in the synthesis of molecules.

Laboratory Outcomes: The chemistry laboratory course will consist of experiments illustrating the principles of chemistry relevant to the study of science and engineering. The students will learn:

- To estimate rate constants of reactions from concentration of reactants/products as a function of time.
- To measure molecular/system properties such as surface tension, viscosity, conductance of solutions, redox potentials, chloride content of water, etc.
- To synthesize a small drug molecule and analyze a salt sample.

*****
Course Objective:
Mathematics fundamental necessary to formulate, solve and analyse engineering problems.

Course Content:

Module 1: Matrices (10 hours)
Linear Systems of Equations; Linear Independence; Rank of a Matrix; Determinant, Inverse of a matrix, rank-nullity theorem; System of linear equations; Symmetric, skew-symmetric and orthogonal matrices; Determinants; Eigenvalues and eigenvectors; Orthogonal transformation; Diagonalization of matrices; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem.

Module 2: First order ordinary differential equations: (6 hours)
Exact, linear and Bernoulli’s equations. Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, equations solvable for y, equations solvable for x and Clairaut’s type.

Module 3: Ordinary differential equations of higher orders: (8 hours)
Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients: Euler-Cauchy equations, solution by variation of parameters; Power series solutions: Legendre’s equations and Legendre polynomials, Frobenius method, Bessel’s equation and Bessel’s functions of the first kind and their properties.

Module 4: Complex Variable – Differentiation: (8 hours):
Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate; elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties; Conformal mappings, Mobius transformations and their properties.

Module 5: Complex Variable – Integration: (8 hours):
Contour integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem (without proof), Cauchy Integral formula (without proof), Liouville’s theorem and Maximum-Modulus theorem (without proof); Taylor’s series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Laurent’s series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof), Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine, Evaluation of certain improper integrals using the Bromwich contour.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES:

Note: The modules have been prepared keeping the following from the Textbooks/References in mind:

(1) Module 1: Sections 7.3-7.5, 7.7, 7.8, 8.1-8.4 of [1].
(2) Module 2: Sections 1.4, 1.5 of [1]; Section 5.1 of [2].
(3) Module 3: Sections 2.5, 2.6, 2.10, 5.1, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5 of [1].

COURSE OUTCOMES: The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in matrices, ordinary differential equations and complex variables. It aims to equip the students to deal with advanced level of mathematics and applications that would be essential for their disciplines.

The students will learn:
• The essential tool of matrices and linear algebra in a comprehensive manner.
• The effective mathematical tools for the solutions of differential equations that model physical processes.
The tools of differentiation and integration of functions of a complex variable that are used in various techniques dealing engineering problems.

******
Course Objectives:

1. To learn the fundamentals of computers.
2. To understand the various steps in program development.
3. To learn the syntax and semantics of C programming language.
4. To learn the usage of structured programming approach in solving problems.
5. To understand and formulate algorithm for programming script
6. To analyze the output based on the given input variables

Course Contents:

**Module I:** Introduction to Programming; Introduction to components of a computer system (disks, memory, processor, where a program is stored and executed, operating system, compilers etc.)

Idea of Algorithm: steps to solve logical and numerical problems. Representation of Algorithm: Flowchart/Pseudocode with examples.

From algorithms to programs; source code, variables (with data types) variables and memory locations, Syntax and Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code.

**Module II:** Arithmetic expressions and precedence.

**Module III:** Conditional Branching and Loops. Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching. Iteration and loops.

**Module IV:** Arrays, Arrays (1-D, 2-D), Character arrays and Strings

**Module V:** Basic Algorithms, Searching, Basic Sorting Algorithms (Bubble, Insertion and Selection), Finding roots of equations, notion of order of complexity through example programs (no formal definition required)

**Module VI:** Function, Functions (including using built in libraries), Parameter passing in functions, call by value, Passing arrays to functions: idea of call by reference

**Module VII:** Recursion, Recursion as a different way of solving problems. Example programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series, Ackerman function etc. Quick sort or Merge sort.

**Module VIII:** Structures, Defining structures and Array of Structures

**Module IX:** Pointers, Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Use of Pointers in self-referential structures, notion of linked list (no implementation)

**Module X:** File handling (only if time is available, otherwise should be done as part of the lab).
PRACTICALS:

1. Familiarization with programming environment
2. Simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions
3. Problems involving if-then-else structures
4. Iterative problems e.g., sum of series
5. 1D Array manipulation
6. Matrix problems, String operations
7. Simple functions
8. Programming for solving Numerical methods problems
9. Recursive functions
10. Pointers and structures
11. File operations

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:


Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING IN C</td>
<td>PROF. SATYADEV NANDAKUMAR</td>
<td>IIT KANPUR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PROGRAMMING IN C</td>
<td>PROF. ANUPAM BASU</td>
<td>IIT KHARAGPUR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXPERIMENTS THAT MAY BE PERFORMED THROUGH VIRTUAL LABS:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Experiment Name</th>
<th>Experiment Link(s)</th>
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</thead>
</table>
### COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student will learn following through lectures:

- To formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.
- To translate the algorithms to programs (in C language).
- To test and execute the programs and correct syntax and logical errors.
- To implement conditional branching, iteration and recursion.
- To decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program using divide and conquer approach.
- To use arrays, pointers and structures to formulate algorithms and programs.
- To apply programming to solve matrix addition and multiplication problems and searching and sorting problems.
- To apply programming to solve simple numerical method problems, namely root finding of function, differentiation of function and simple integration.

The student will learn following through Practicals:

- To formulate the algorithms for simple problems.
- To translate given algorithms to a working and correct program.
- To be able to correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers.
- To be able to identify and correct logical errors encountered at run time.
- To be able to write iterative as well as recursive programs.
- To be able to represent data in arrays, strings and structures and manipulate them through a program.
- To be able to declare pointers of different types and use them in defining self-referential structures.
- To be able to create, read and write to and from simple text files.

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3</th>
<th>1D Array manipulation.</th>
<th><a href="http://cse02-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp4/index.html">http://cse02-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp4/index.html</a></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Simple functions.</td>
<td><a href="http://cse02-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp2/index.html">http://cse02-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp2/index.html</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Course Objective:

- To provide learning environment to practice listening, speaking, reading and writing skills.
- To assist the students to carry on the tasks and activities through guided instructions and materials.
- To effectively integrate English language learning with employability skills and training.
- To provide hands-on experience through case-studies, mini-projects, group and individual presentations.

Course Content:

Module I: Vocabulary Building
1.1. The concept of Word Formation
1.2. Root words from foreign languages and their use in English
1.3. Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign languages in English to form derivatives.
1.4. Synonyms, antonyms, and standard abbreviations.

Module II: Basic Writing Skills
1.1. Sentence Structures
1.2. Use of phrases and clauses in sentences
1.3. Importance of proper punctuation
1.4. Creating coherence
1.5. Organizing principles of paragraphs in documents
1.6. Techniques for writing precisely

Module III: Identifying Common Errors in Writing
1.1. Subject-verb agreement
1.2. Noun-pronoun agreement
1.3. Misplaced modifiers
1.4. Articles
1.5. Prepositions
1.6. Redundancies
1.7. Clichés

Module IV: Nature and Style of sensible Writing
1.1. Describing
1.2. Defining
1.3. Classifying
1.4. Providing examples or evidence
1.5. Writing introduction and conclusion

Module V: Writing Practices
1.1. Comprehension
1.2. Précis Writing
1.3. Essay Writing

Module VI: Oral Communication
(This Module involves interactive practice sessions in Language Lab)
- Listening Comprehension
- Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm
- Common Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues
- Communication at Workplace
- Interviews
- Formal Presentations

Text/Reference Books:


Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>NPTEL Course Name</th>
<th>Instructor</th>
<th>Host Institute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ENGLISH LANGUAGE FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMS</td>
<td>PROF. AYSHA IQBAL</td>
<td>IIT MADRAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>TECHNICAL ENGLISH FOR ENGINEERS</td>
<td>PROF. AYSHA IQBAL</td>
<td>IIT MADRAS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Course Outcomes:** The student will acquire basic proficiency in English including reading and listening comprehension, writing and speaking skills.

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Course Objective:

1. To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering.
2. To have a study and hands-on-exercise on plumbing and carpentry components.
3. To have a practice on gas welding, foundry operations and fitting
4. To have a study on measurement of electrical quantities, energy and resistance to earth.
5. To have a practice on soldering.

Course Content:

Module I: Manufacturing Methods- casting, forming, machining, joining, advanced manufacturing methods.

Module II: CNC machining, Additive manufacturing.

Module III: Fitting operations & power tools.

Module IV: Electrical & Electronics.

Module V: Carpentry.

Module VI: Plastic moulding, glass cutting.

Module VII: Metal casting.

Module VIII: Welding (arc welding & gas welding), brazing.

Practicals:

1. Machine shop
2. Fitting shop
3. Carpentry
4. Electrical & Electronics
5. Welding shop (Arc welding + Gas welding)
6. Casting
7. Smithy
8. Plastic moulding & Glass Cutting

*Examinations could involve the actual fabrication of simple components, utilizing one or more of the techniques covered above.*
Suggested Text/Reference Books:

   ISBN: 978-93-91505-332

**EXPERIMENTS THAT MAY BE PERFORMED THROUGH VIRTUAL LABS:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Experiment Name</th>
<th>Experiment Link(s)</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Casting</td>
<td><a href="http://fab-coep.vlabs.ac.in/exp7/Theory.html?domain=Mechanical%20Engineering&amp;lab=Welcome%20to%20FAB%20laboratory">http://fab-coep.vlabs.ac.in/exp7/Theory.html?domain=Mechanical%20Engineering&amp;lab=Welcome%20to%20FAB%20laboratory</a></td>
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</table>

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completion of this course, the students will gain knowledge of the different manufacturing processes which are commonly employed in the industry, to fabricate components using different materials.

**Laboratory Outcomes:**

Upon completion of this laboratory course, students will be able:

- To fabricate components with their own hands.
- To relate practical knowledge of the dimensional accuracies and dimensional tolerances possible with different manufacturing processes.
- To design small devices of their interest by assembling different components.

****
Course Objective(s):

- To make the students understand the importance of sound health and fitness principles as they relate to better health.
- To expose the students to a variety of physical and yogic activities aimed at stimulating their continued inquiry about Yoga, physical education, health and fitness.
- To create a safe, progressive, methodical and efficient activity based plan to enhance improvement and minimize risk of injury.
- To develop among students an appreciation of physical activity as a lifetime pursuit and a means to better health.

Course Contents:

Module I: Introduction to Physical Education

- Meaning & definition of Physical Education
- Aims & Objectives of Physical Education
- Changing trends in Physical Education

Module II: Olympic Movement

- Ancient & Modern Olympics (Summer & Winter)
- Olympic Symbols, Ideals, Objectives & Values
- Awards and Honours in the field of Sports in India (Dronacharya Award, Arjuna Award, Dhyan Chand Award, Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award etc.)

Module III: Physical Fitness, Wellness & Lifestyle

- Meaning & Importance of Physical Fitness & Wellness
- Components of Physical fitness
- Components of Health related fitness
- Components of wellness
- Preventing Health Threats through Lifestyle Change
- Concept of Positive Lifestyle

Module IV: Fundamentals of Anatomy & Physiology in Physical Education, Sports and Yoga

- Define Anatomy, Physiology & Its Importance

Module V: Kinesiology, Biomechanics & Sports
Module VI: Postures

- Meaning and Concept of Postures.
- Causes of Bad Posture.
- Advantages & disadvantages of weight training.
- Concept & advantages of Correct Posture.
- Common Postural Deformities – Knock Knee; Flat Foot; Round Shoulders; Lordosis, Kyphosis, Bow Legs and Scoliosis.
- Corrective Measures for Postural Deformities

Module VII: Yoga

- Meaning & Importance of Yoga
- Elements of Yoga
- Introduction - Asanas, Pranayama, Meditation & Yogic Kriyas
- Yoga for concentration & related Asanas (Sukhasana; Tadasana; Padmasana & Shashankasana)
- Relaxation Techniques for improving concentration - Yog-nidra

Module VIII: Yoga & Lifestyle

- Asanas as preventive measures.
- Hypertension: Tadasana, Vajrasana, Pavan Muktasana, Ardha Chakrasana, Bhujangasana, Sharasana.
- Back Pain: Tadasana, Ardh Matsyendrasana, Vakrasana, Shalabhasana, Bhujangasana.

Module IX: Training and Planning in Sports

- Meaning of Training
- Warming up and limbering down
- Skill, Technique & Style
- Meaning and Objectives of Planning.
- Tournament – Knock-Out, League/Round Robin & Combination.
Module X: Psychology & Sports

- Definition & Importance of Psychology in Physical Edu. & Sports
- Define & Differentiate Between Growth & Development
- Adolescent Problems & Their Management
- Emotion: Concept, Type & Controlling of emotions
- Meaning, Concept & Types of Aggressions in Sports.
- Psychological benefits of exercise.
- Anxiety & Fear and its effects on Sports Performance.
- Motivation, its type & techniques.
- Understanding Stress & Coping Strategies.

Module XI: Doping

- Meaning and Concept of Doping
- Prohibited Substances & Methods
- Side Effects of Prohibited Substances

Module XII: Sports Medicine

- First Aid – Definition, Aims & Objectives.
- Sports injuries: Classification, Causes & Prevention.
- Management of Injuries: Soft Tissue Injuries and Bone & Joint Injuries

Module XIII: Sports / Games

Following subtopics related to any one Game/Sport of choice of student out of:

Athletics, Badminton, Basketball, Chess, Cricket, Kabaddi, Lawn Tennis, Swimming, Table Tennis, Volleyball, Yoga etc.

- History of the Game/Sport.
- Specifications of Play Fields and Related Sports Equipment.
- Important Tournaments and Venues.
- Sports Personalities.
- Proper Sports Gear and its Importance.

Text Books/References:

1. Modern Trends and Physical Education by Prof. Ajmer Singh.
3. Health and Physical Education – NCERT (11th and 12th Classes)
Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course the students will be able:

1. To practice Physical activities and Hatha Yoga focusing on yoga for strength, flexibility, and relaxation.
2. To learn techniques for increasing concentration and decreasing anxiety which leads to stronger academic performance.
3. To learn breathing exercises and healthy fitness activities
4. To understand basic skills associated with yoga and physical activities including strength and flexibility, balance and coordination.
5. To perform yoga movements in various combination and forms.
6. To assess current personal fitness levels.
7. To identify opportunities for participation in yoga and sports activities.
8. To develop understanding of health-related fitness components: cardiorespiratory endurance, flexibility and body composition etc.
9. To improve personal fitness through participation in sports and yogic activities.
10. To develop understanding of psychological problems associated with the age and lifestyle.
11. To demonstrate an understanding of sound nutritional practices as related to health and physical performance.
12. To assess yoga activities in terms of fitness value.
13. To identify and apply injury prevention principles related to yoga and physical fitness activities.
14. To understand and correctly apply biomechanical and physiological principles related to exercise and training.
1-COURSES ON HUMAN VALUES

During the Induction Program, students would get an initial exposure to human values through Universal Human Values-I. This exposure is to be augmented by this compulsory full semester foundation course.

Objectives of UHV-II Course

This introductory course input is intended:

1. To help the students appreciate the essential complementarily between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings.
2. To facilitate the development of a Holistic perspective among students towards life and profession as well as towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the Human reality and the rest of existence. Such a holistic perspective forms the basis of Universal Human Values and movement towards value-based living in a natural way.
3. To highlight plausible implications of such a Holistic understanding in terms of ethical human conduct, trustful and mutually fulfilling human behavior and mutually enriching interaction with Nature.

Thus, this course is intended to provide a much-needed orientational input in value education to the young enquiring minds.

Salient Features of the Course

The salient features of this course are:

1. It presents a universal approach to value education by developing the right understanding of reality (i.e. a worldview of the reality “as it is”) through the process of self-exploration.
2. The whole course is presented in the form of a dialogue whereby a set of proposals about various aspects of the reality are presented and the students are encouraged to self-explore the proposals by verifying them on the basis of their natural acceptance within oneself and validate experientially in living.
3. The prime focus throughout the course is toward affecting a qualitative transformation in the life of the student rather than just a transfer of information.
4. While introducing the holistic worldview and its implications, a critical appraisal of the prevailing notions is also made to enable the students discern the difference on their own right.

Course Methodology

1. The methodology of this course is explorational and thus universally adaptable. It involves a systematic and rational study of the human being vis-à-vis the rest of existence.
2. The course is in the form of 28 lectures (discussions) and 14 practice sessions.
3. It is free from any dogma or value prescriptions.
4. It is a process of self-investigation and self-exploration, and not of giving sermons. Whatever is found as truth or reality is stated as a proposal and the students are facilitated to verify it in their own right, based on their Natural Acceptance and subsequent Experiential Validation – the whole existence is the lab and every activity is a source of reflection.
5. This process of self-exploration takes the form of a dialogue between the teacher and the students to begin with, and then to continue within the student in every activity, leading to continuous self-evolution.
6. This self-exploration also enables them to critically evaluate their pre-conditionings and present beliefs.

2-COURSE TOPICS

The course has 28 lectures and 14 tutorials in 5 modules. The lectures and tutorials are of 01-hour duration. Tutorial sessions are to be used to explore and practice what has been proposed during the lecture sessions.

The Teacher’s Manual provides the outline for lectures as well as practice sessions. The teacher is expected to present the issues to be discussed as propositions and encourage the students to have a dialogue.

The syllabus for the lectures and practice sessions is given below:

Module 1 – Introduction to Value Education (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 1: Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility (Holistic Development and the Role of Education)

Lecture 2: Understanding Value Education

Tutorial 1: Practice Session PS1 Sharing about Oneself

Lecture 3: Self-exploration as the Process for Value Education

Lecture 4: Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations

Tutorial 2: Practice Session PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness

Lecture 5: Happiness and Prosperity – Current Scenario

Lecture 6: Method to Fulfill the Basic Human Aspirations

Tutorial 3: Practice Session PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

Expected outcome:

The students start exploring themselves: get comfortable with each other and with the teacher; they start appreciating the need and relevance for the course.

The students start finding that technical education without study of human values can generate more problems than solutions. They also start feeling that lack of understanding of human values is the
root cause of most of the present-day problems; and a sustained solution could emerge only through understanding of value-based living. Any solution brought out through fear, temptation of dogma will not be sustainable.

The students are able to see that verification on the basic of natural acceptance and experiential validation through living is the only way to verify right or wrong, and referring to any external source like text or instrument or any other person cannot enable them to verify with authenticity; it will only develop assumptions.

The students are able to see that their practice in living is not in harmony with their natural acceptance most of the time, and all they need to do is to refer to their natural acceptance to overcome this disharmony.

The students are able to see that lack of right understanding leading to lack of relationship is the major cause of problems in their family and not the lack of physical facility in most of the cases, while they have given higher priority to earning of physical facility in their life giving less value to or even ignoring relationships and not being aware that right understanding is the most important requirement for any human being.

Module 2 – Harmony in the Human Being (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 7: Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the Self and the Body

Lecture 8: Distinguishing between the Needs of the Self and the Body

Tutorial 4: Practice Session PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of Self and Body

Lecture 9: The Body as an Instrument of the Self

Lecture 10: Understanding Harmony in the Self

Tutorial 5: Practice Session PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the Self

Lecture 11: Harmony of the Self with the Body

Lecture 12: Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health

Tutorial 6: Practice Session PS6 Exploring Harmony of Self with the Body

Expected outcome:

The students are able to see that they can enlist their desires and the desires are not vague. Also they are able to relate their desires to ‘I’ and ‘Body’ distinctly. If any desire appears related to both, they are able to see that the feeling is related to I while the physical facility is related to the body. They are also able to see that ‘I’ and Body are two realities, and most of their desires are related to ‘I’ and not body, while their efforts are mostly centered on the fulfilment of the needs of the body assuming that it will meet the needs of ‘I’ too.

The students are able to see that all physical facility they are required for a limited time in a limited quantity. Also, they are able to see that in case of feelings, they want continuity of the naturally
acceptable feelings and they do not want feelings which are not naturally acceptable even for a single moment.

The students are able to see that activities like understanding, desire, though and selection are the activities of ‘I’ only the activities like breathing, palpitation of different parts of the body are fully the activities of the body with the acceptance of ‘I’ while the activities they do with their sense organs like hearing through ears, seeing through eyes, sensing through touch, tasting through tongue and smelling through nose or the activities they do with their work organs like hands, legs etc. are such activities that require the participation of both ‘I’ and body.

The students become aware of their activities of ‘I’ and start finding their focus of attention at different moments. Also they are able to see that most of their desires are coming from outside (through preconditioning or sensation) and are not based on their natural acceptance.

The students are able to list down activities related to proper upkeep of the body and practice them in their daily routine. They are also able to appreciate the plants wildly growing in and around the campus which can be beneficial in curing different diseases.

Module 3 – Harmony in the Family and Society (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 13: Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction
Lecture 14: 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship
Tutorial 7: Practice Session PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust
Lecture 15: 'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation
Tutorial 8: Practice Session PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect
Lecture 16: Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship
Lecture 17: Understanding Harmony in the Society
Lecture 18: Vision for the Universal Human Order
Tutorial 9: Practice Session PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal

Expected outcome:

The students are able to note that the natural acceptance (intention) is always for living in harmony, only competence is lacking! We generally evaluate ourselves on the basis of our intention and others on the basis of their competence! We seldom look at our competence and others’ intention as a result we conclude that I am a good person and other is a bad person.

The students are able to see that respect is right evaluation, and only right evaluation leads to fulfilment in relationship. Many present problems in the society are an outcome of differentiation (lack of understanding of respect), like gender biasness, generation gap, caste conflicts, class struggle,
dominations through power play, communal violence, clash of isms and so on so forth. All these problems can be solved by realizing that the other is like me as he has the same natural acceptance, potential and program to ensure a happy and prosperous life for them and for others through he may have different body, physical facility or beliefs.

The students are able to use their creativity for education children. The students are able to see that they can play a role in providing value education for children. They are able to put in simple words the issues that are essential to understand for children and comprehensible to them. The students are able to develop an outline of holistic model for social science and compare it with the existing model.

Module 4 – Harmony in the Nature/Existence (4 lectures and 2 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 19: Understanding Harmony in the Nature

Lecture 20: Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfilment among the Four Orders of Nature

Tutorial 10: Practice Session PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature

Lecture 21: Realizing Existence as Co-existence at All Levels

Lecture 22: The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence

Tutorial 11: Practice Session PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence

Expected outcome:

The students are able to differentiate between the characteristics and activities of different orders and study the mutual fulfilment among them. They are also able to see that human beings are not fulfilling to other orders today and need to take appropriate steps to ensure right participation (in terms of nurturing, protection and right utilization) in the nature.

The students feel confident that they can understand the whole existence; nothing is a mystery in this existence. They are also able to see the interconnectedness in the nature, and point out how different courses of study relate to the different units and levels. Also, they are able to make out how these courses can be made appropriate and holistic.

Module 5 – Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 23: Natural Acceptance of Human Values

Lecture 24: Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct

Tutorial 12: Practice Session PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct

Lecture 25: A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order
Lecture 26: Competence in Professional Ethics

Tutorial 13: Practice Session PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education

Lecture 27: Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models-Typical Case Studies

Lecture 28: Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession

Tutorial 14: Practice Session PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

Expected outcome:

The students are able to present sustainable solutions to the problems in society and nature. They are also able to see that these solutions are practicable and draw roadmaps to achieve them.

The students are able to grasp the right utilization of their knowledge in their streams of Technology/Engineering/Management/any other area of study to ensure mutual fulfilment. E.g. mutually enriching production system with rest of nature.

The students are able to sincerely evaluate the course and share with their friends. They are also able to suggest measures to make the course more effective and relevant. They are also able to make use of their understanding in the course for the happy and prosperous family and society.

Guidelines and Content for Practice Sessions (Tutorials)

In order to connect the content of the proposals with practice (living), 14 practice sessions have been designed. The full set of practice sessions is available in the Teacher’s Manual as well as the website.

Practice Sessions for Module 1 – Introduction to Value Education

PS1 Sharing about Oneself
PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness
PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

Practice Sessions for Module 2 – Harmony in the Human Being

PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of Self and Body
PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the Self
PS6 Exploring Harmony of Self with the Body

Practice Sessions for Module 3 – Harmony in the Family and Society
As an example, PS7 is a practice session in module 3 regarding trust. It is explained below:

**PS7:** Form small groups in the class and in that group initiate dialogue and ask the eight questions related to trust. The eight questions are:

1a. Do I want to make myself happy? 1b. Am I able to make myself always happy?
2a. Do I want to make the other happy? 2b. Am I able to make the other always happy?
3a. Does the other want to make him happy? 3b. Is the other able to make him always happy?
4a. Does the other want to make me happy? 4b. Is the other able to make me always happy?

Intention (Natural Acceptance)          Competence
What is the answer?                     What is the answer?

Let each student answer the questions for himself/herself and everyone else. Discuss the difference between intention and competence. Observe whether you evaluate your intention and competence as well as the others’ intention and competence.

**Expected outcome of PS7:** The students are able to see that the first four questions are related to our Natural Acceptance i.e. intention and the next four to our Competence. They are able to note that the
intention is always correct, only competence is lacking! We generally evaluate ourselves on the basis of our intention and others on the basis of their competence! We seldom look at our competence and others’ intention, as a result we conclude that I am a good person and other is a bad person.

3-READINGS:

3-1-Text Book and Teachers Manual

a. The Textbook


b. The Teacher’s Manual


3-2-Reference Books


3. The Story of Stuff (Book).

4. The Story of My Experiments with Truth - by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi

5. Small is Beautiful - E. F Schumacher.

6. Slow is Beautiful - Cecile Andrews

7. Economy of Permanence - J C Kumarappa

8. Bharat Mein Angreji Raj – Pandit Sunderlal

9. Rediscovering India - by Dharampal

10. Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule - by Mohandas K. Gandhi


12. Vivekananda - Romain Rolland (English)

13. Gandhi - Romain Rolland (English)

4-MODE OF CONDUCT (L-T-P-C 2-1-0-3)
Lecture hours are to be used for interactive discussion, placing the proposals about the topics at hand and motivating students to reflect, explore and verify them.

Tutorial hours are to be used for practice sessions.

While analysing and discussing the topic, the faculty mentor’s role is in pointing to essential elements to help in sorting them out from the surface elements. In other words, help the students explore the important or critical elements.

In the discussions, particularly during practice sessions (tutorials), the mentor encourages the student to connect with one’s own self and do self-observation, self-reflection and self-exploration.

Scenarios may be used to initiate discussion. The student is encouraged to take up” ordinary” situations rather than” extra-ordinary” situations. Such observations and their analyses are shared and discussed with other students and faculty mentor, in a group sitting.

Tutorials (experiments or practical) are important for the course. The difference is that the laboratory is everyday life, and practical are how you behave and work in real life. Depending on the nature of topics, worksheets, home assignment and/or activity are included. The practice sessions (tutorials) would also provide support to a student in performing actions commensurate to his/her beliefs. It is intended that this would lead to development of commitment, namely behaving and working based on basic human values.

It is recommended that this content be placed before the student as it is, in the form of a basic foundation course, without including anything else or excluding any part of this content. Additional content may be offered in separate, higher courses.

This course is to be taught by faculty from every teaching department.

Teacher preparation with a minimum exposure to at least one 8-day Faculty Development Program on Universal Human Values is deemed essential.

5-SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT:

This is a compulsory credit course. The assessment is to provide a fair state of development of the student, so participation in classroom discussions, self-assessment, peer assessment etc. will be used in evaluation.

Example:

Assessment by faculty mentor: 10 marks
Self-assessment: 10 marks
Assessment by peers: 10 marks
Socially relevant project/Group Activities/Assignments: 20 marks
Semester End Examination: 50 marks
The overall pass percentage is 40%. In case the student fails, he/she must repeat the course.

6-OUTCOME OF THE COURSE:

By the end of the course, students are expected to become more aware of themselves, and their surroundings (family, society, nature); they would become more responsible in life, and in handling problems with sustainable solutions, while keeping human relationships and human nature in mind.

They would have better critical ability. They would also become sensitive to their commitment towards what they have understood (human values, human relationship and human society). It is hoped that they would be able to apply what they have learnt to their own self in different day-to-day settings in real life, at least a beginning would be made in this direction.

Therefore, the course and further follow up is expected to positively impact common graduate attributes like:

1. Holistic vision of life
2. Socially responsible behaviour
3. Environmentally responsible work
4. Ethical human conduct
5. Having Competence and Capabilities for Maintaining Health and Hygiene
6. Appreciation and aspiration for excellence (merit) and gratitude for all

This is only an introductory foundational input. It would be desirable to follow it up by

a) Faculty-student or mentor-mentee programs throughout their time with the institution
b) Higher level courses on human values in every aspect of living.

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SEMESTER – III
SEMESTER III

<table>
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<tr>
<th>BSC 201</th>
<th>Physics-II (Optics and Waves)</th>
<th>3L:1T:2P</th>
<th>5 Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Pre-requisites (if any): Mathematics Course on Differential equations

Course Content:

**Module I: Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator**

Mechanical and electrical simple harmonic oscillators, complex number notation and phasor representation of simple harmonic motion, damped harmonic oscillator – heavy, critical and light damping, energy decay in a damped harmonic oscillator, quality factor, forced mechanical and electrical oscillators, electrical and mechanical impedance, steady state motion of forced damped harmonic oscillator, power absorbed by oscillator.

**Module II: Non-dispersive transverse and longitudinal waves in one dimension and introduction to dispersion**

Transverse wave on a string, the wave equation on a string, Harmonic waves, reflection and transmission of waves at a boundary, impedance matching, standing waves and their Eigen frequencies, longitudinal waves and the wave equation for them, acoustics waves and speed of sound, standing sound waves. Waves with dispersion, water waves, superposition of waves and Fourier method, wave groups and group velocity.

**Module III: The propagation of light and geometric optics**

Fermat’s principle of stationary time and its applications e.g. in explaining mirage effect, laws of reflection and refraction, Light as an electromagnetic wave and Fresnel equations, reflectance and transmittance, Brewster’s angle, total internal reflection, and evanescent wave. Mirrors and lenses and optical instruments based on them, transfer formula and the matrix method.

**Module IV: Wave optics**

Huygens’ principle, superposition of waves and interference of light by wave front splitting and amplitude splitting; Young’s double slit experiment, Newton’s rings, Michelson interferometer, Mach-Zehnder interferometer.

Farunhofer diffraction from a single slit and a circular aperture, the Rayleigh criterion for limit of resolution and its application to vision; Diffraction gratings and their resolving power.

**Module V: Lasers**

Einstein’s theory of matter radiation interaction and A and B coefficients; amplification of light by population inversion, different types of lasers: gas lasers (He-Ne, CO2), solid-state lasers (ruby, Neodymium), dye lasers; Properties of laser beams: mono-chromaticity, coherence, directionality and brightness, laser speckles, applications of lasers in science, engineering and medicine.

**Laboratory - Oscillations, waves and optics**
Suggested list of experiments from the following:

- Diffraction and interference experiments (from ordinary light or laser pointers); measurement of speed of light on a table top using modulation; minimum deviation from a prism.

**TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES:**

2. Bhattacharya & Nag, Engineering Physics
3. Ian G. Main, Oscillations and waves in physics
4. H.J. Pain, The physics of vibrations and waves
5. E. Hecht, Optics
6. A. Ghatak, Optics
7. O. Svelto, Principles of Lasers

**Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>NPTEL Course Name</th>
<th>Instructor</th>
<th>Host Institute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>WAVES AND OSCILLATIONS</td>
<td>PROF. M. S. SANTHANAM</td>
<td>S. IISER PUNE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXPERIMENTS THAT MAY BE PERFORMED THROUGH VIRTUAL LABS:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Experiment Name</th>
<th>Experiment Link(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Minimum deviation from a prism.</td>
<td><a href="http://ov-au.vlabs.ac.in/optics/Spectrometer_i_d_Curve/">http://ov-au.vlabs.ac.in/optics/Spectrometer_i_d_Curve/</a></td>
</tr>
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</table>

*****
AICTE revised Model Curriculum for UG Degree Course in Mechanical Engineering

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BSC 202</th>
<th>Mathematics III (PDE, Probability &amp; Statistics)</th>
<th>3L:1T:0P</th>
<th>4 Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Objectives:**

1. To introduce the solution methodologies for second order Partial Differential Equations with applications in engineering
2. To provide an overview of probability and statistics to engineers

**Contents:**

Definition of Partial Differential Equations, First order partial differential equations, solutions of first order linear PDEs; Solution to homogenous and non-homogenous linear partial differential equations of second order by complimentary function and particular integral method. Second-order linear equations and their classification, Initial and boundary conditions, D'Alembert's solution of the wave equation; Duhamel's principle for one dimensional wave equation. Heat diffusion and vibration problems, Separation of variables method to simple problems in Cartesian coordinates. The Laplacian in plane, cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates, solutions with Bessel functions and Legendre functions. One dimensional diffusion equation and its solution by separation of variables.

Probability spaces, conditional probability, independence; Discrete random variables, Independent random variables, the multinomial distribution, Poisson approximation to the binomial distribution, infinite sequences of Bernoulli trials, sums of independent random variables; Expectation of Discrete Random Variables, Moments, Variance of a sum, Correlation coefficient, Chebyshev's Inequality. Continuous random variables and their properties, distribution functions and densities, normal, exponential and gamma densities. Bivariate distributions and their properties, distribution of sums and quotients, conditional densities, Bayes' rule

Basic Statistics, Measures of Central tendency: Moments, skewness and Kurtosis - Probability distributions: Binomial, Poisson and Normal - evaluation of statistical parameters for these three distributions, Correlation and regression – Rank correlation. Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting of straight lines, second degree parabolas and more general curves. Test of significance: Large sample test for single proportion, difference of proportions, Tests for single mean, difference of means, and difference of standard deviations. Test for ratio of variances - Chi- square test for goodness of fit and independence of attributes

**Textbooks/References:**


Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to solve field problems in engineering involving PDEs. They can also formulate and solve problems involving random variables and apply statistical methods for analysing experimental data.

*****
ESC 201 | Basic Electronic Engineering | 3L:1T:2P | 5 Credits

Objectives:
To provide an overview of electronic device components to Mechanical engineering students

Contents

Module I: Semiconductor Devices and Applications
Introduction to P-N Junction Diode and V-I characteristics, Half wave and Full-wave rectifiers, capacitor filter. Zener diode and its characteristics, Zener diode as voltage regulator. Regulated power supply IC based on 78XX and 79XX series, Introduction to BJT, its input-output and transfer characteristics, BJT as a single stage CE amplifier, frequency response and bandwidth.

Module II: Operational amplifier and its applications
Introduction to operational amplifiers, Op-amp input modes and parameters, Op-amp in open loop configuration, op-amp with negative feedback, study of practical op-amp IC 741, inverting and non-inverting amplifier applications: summing and difference amplifier, unity gain buffer, comparator, integrator and differentiator.

Module III: Timing Circuits and Oscillators
RC-timing circuits, IC 555 and its applications as astable and mono-stable multi-vibrators, positive feedback, Barkhausen's criteria for oscillation, R-C phase shift and Wein bridge oscillator.

Module IV: Digital Electronics Fundamentals
Difference between analog and digital signals, Boolean algebra, Basic and Universal Gates, Symbols, Truth tables, logic expressions, Logic simplification using K- map, Logic ICs, half and full adder/subtractor, multiplexers, de-multiplexers, flip-flops, shift registers, counters, Block diagram of microprocessor/microcontroller and their applications.

Module V: Electronic Communication Systems
The elements of communication system, IEEE frequency spectrum, Transmission media: wired and wireless, need of modulation, AM and FM modulation schemes, Mobile communication systems: cellular concept and block diagram of GSM system.

Text/Reference Books:
Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

1. Understand the principles of semiconductor devices and their applications.
2. Design an application using Operational amplifier.
3. Understand the working of timing circuits and oscillators.
4. Understand logic gates, flip flop as a building block of digital systems.
5. Learn the basics of Electronic communication system.

*****
Objectives:

(1) To learn about the first law for reacting systems and heating value of fuels
(2) To learn about gas and vapor cycles and their first law and second law efficiencies
(3) To understand about the properties of dry and wet air and the principles of psychrometry
(4) To learn about gas dynamics of air flow and steam through nozzles
(5) To learn about reciprocating compressors with and without intercooling
(6) To analyze the performance of steam turbines

Contents:

Introduction to solid, liquid and gaseous fuels–Stoichiometry, exhaust gas analysis- First law analysis of combustion reactions- Heat calculations using enthalpy tables- Adiabatic flame temperature-Chemical equilibrium and equilibrium composition calculations using free energy.


Properties of dry and wet air, use of psychrometric chart, processes involving heating/cooling and humidification/dehumidification, dew point.


Reciprocating compressors, staging of reciprocating compressors, optimal stage pressure ratio, effect of intercooling, minimum work for multistage reciprocating compressors.

Analysis of steam turbines, velocity and pressure compounding of steam turbines

Text Books:

Outcomes:

1. After completing this course, the students will get a good understanding of various practical power cycles and heat pump cycles.
2. They will be able to analyze energy conversion in various thermal devices such as combustors, air coolers, nozzles, diffusers, steam turbines and reciprocating compressors.
3. They will be able to understand phenomena occurring in high speed compressible flows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ESC 202</th>
<th>Engineering Mechanics</th>
<th>3L:1T:0P</th>
<th>4 Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1. Introduction to Mechanics

Pre-requisites (if any): High School Education

Module I

Transformation of scalars and vectors under Rotation transformation; Forces in Nature; Newton’s laws and its completeness in describing particle motion; Form invariance of Newton’s Second Law; Solving Newton’s equations of motion in polar coordinates; Problems including constraints and friction; Extension to cylindrical and spherical coordinates.

Module II

Potential energy function; F = - Grad V, equipotential surfaces and meaning of gradient; Conservative and non-conservative forces, curl of a force field; Central forces; Conservation of Angular Momentum; Energy equation and energy diagrams; Elliptical, parabolic and hyperbolic orbits; Kepler problem; Application: Satellite manoeuvres;

Module III

Non-inertial frames of reference; Rotating coordinate system: Five-term acceleration formula. Centripetal and Coriolis accelerations; Applications: Weather systems, Foucault pendulum;

Module IV

Harmonic oscillator; Damped harmonic motion – over-damped, critically damped and lightly-damped oscillators; Forced oscillations and resonance.

Module V

Definition and motion of a rigid body in the plane; Rotation in the plane; Kinematics in a coordinate system rotating and translating in the plane; Angular momentum about a point of a rigid body in planar motion; Euler’s laws of motion, their independence from Newton’s laws, and their necessity in describing rigid body motion; Examples.
Module VI

Introduction to three-dimensional rigid body motion — only need to highlight the distinction from two-dimensional motion in terms of (a) Angular velocity vector, and its rate of change and (b) Moment of inertia tensor; Three-dimensional motion of a rigid body wherein all points move in a coplanar manner: e.g. Rod executing conical motion with center of mass fixed — only need to show that this motion looks two-dimensional but is three-dimensional, and two-dimensional formulation fails.

Laboratory - Introduction to Mechanics

Suggested list of experiments from the following:
1. Coupled oscillators;
2. Experiments on an air-track;
3. Experiment on moment of inertia measurement,
4. Experiments with gyroscope;
5. Resonance phenomena in mechanical oscillators.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES:

2. Engineering Physics, Bhattacharya & Nag
3. Engineering Mechanics, DS Bedi & MP Poonia
5. Introduction to Mechanics — MK Verma
6. An Introduction to Mechanics — D Kleppner & R Kolenkow
10. Mechanical Vibrations — JP Den Hartog
11. Theory of Vibrations with Applications — WT Thomson

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ENGINEERING MECHANICS</td>
<td>PROF. MANOJ HARBOLA</td>
<td>IIT KANPUR</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Experiment on moment of inertia measurement.</td>
<td><a href="https://vlab.amrita.edu/?sub=1&amp;brch=74&amp;sim=571&amp;cnt=1">https://vlab.amrita.edu/?sub=1&amp;brch=74&amp;sim=571&amp;cnt=1</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. Quantum Mechanics for Engineers

Pre-requisites (if any): Mathematics Course on Differential equations & linear algebra

**Module I: Wave nature of particles and the Schrodinger equation**

Introduction to Quantum mechanics, Wave nature of Particles, Time-dependent and time independent Schrodinger equation for wave function, born interpretation, probability current, Expectation values, Free-particle wave function and wave-packets, Uncertainty principle.

**Module II: Mathematical Preliminaries for quantum mechanics**

Complex numbers, Linear vector spaces, inner product, operators, eigenvalue problems, Hermitian operators, Hermite polynomials, Legendre’s equation, spherical harmonics.

**Module III: Applying the Schrodinger equation**

Solution of stationary-state Schrodinger equation for one dimensional problems– particle in a box, particle in attractive delta-function potential, square-well potential, linear harmonic oscillator. Numerical solution of stationary-state Schrodinger equation for one dimensional problems for different potentials Scattering from a potential barrier and tunneling; related examples like alpha-decay, field ionization and scanning tunneling microscope Three-dimensional problems: particle in three dimensional box and related examples, Angular momentum operator, Rigid Rotor, Hydrogen atom ground-state, orbitals, interaction with magnetic field, spin, Numerical solution stationary-state radial Schrodinger equation for spherically symmetric potentials.

**Module IV: Introduction to molecular bonding**

Particle in double delta-function potential, Molecules (hydrogen molecule, valence bond and molecular orbitals picture), singlet/triplet states, chemical bonding, hybridization.

**Module V: Introduction to solids**

Free electron theory of metals, Fermi level, density of states, Application to white dwarfs and neutron stars, Bloch’s theorem for particles in a periodic potential, Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands Numerical solution for energy in one-dimensional periodic lattice by mixing plane waves.

**Laboratory - Quantum Mechanics for Engineers**

Suggested list of experiments: Frank-Hertz experiment; photoelectric effect experiment; recording hydrogen atom spectrum.

**TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES:**

2. Bhattacharya & Nag, Engineering Physics
3. Eisberg and Resnick, Introduction to Quantum Physics
4. D. J. Griffiths, Quantum Mechanics
5. Richard Robinett, Quantum Mechanics
6. Daniel McQuarrie, Quantum Chemistry

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>INTRODUCTION TO ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY</td>
<td>PROF. MANOJ HARBOLA</td>
<td>IIT KANPUR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>QUANTUM MECHANICS I</td>
<td>PROF. P. RAMADEVI</td>
<td>IIT BOMBAY</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Photoelectric effect experiment.</td>
<td><a href="http://mpv-au.vlabs.ac.in/modern-physics/Photo_Electric_Effect/">http://mpv-au.vlabs.ac.in/modern-physics/Photo_Electric_Effect/</a></td>
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*****
SEMESTER – IV
SEMESTER IV

| PCC-ME 201 | Heat Transfer & Thermal Machines | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credits |

Objectives:

1. Build a solid foundation in heat transfer, exposing students to the three basic modes namely conduction, convection and radiation.
2. Rigorous treatment of governing equations and solution procedures for the three modes, along with solution of practical problems using empirical correlations.
3. The course will also briefly cover boiling and condensation heat transfer, and the analysis and design of heat exchangers.

Contents

Module I: Introduction
Three modes of heat transfer; Examples of equipment (like air conditioner and air cooler) involving heat transfer; Derivation of heat balance equation.

Module II: Conduction Heat Transfer
Steady 1D solution for conduction heat transfer in Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical geometry; Concept of conduction and film resistances; Critical insulation thickness; Lumped system approximation and Biot number; Heat transfer through pin fins; 2D conduction solutions for steady and unsteady heat transfer.

Module III: Convection Heat Transfer
Basic equations; Boundary layers; Forced convection; External and internal flows; Natural convective heat transfer; Dimensionless parameters for forced and free convection heat transfer; Correlations for forced and free convection; Approximate solutions to laminar boundary layer equations for internal and external flow; Estimating heat transfer rates in laminar and turbulent flow situations using appropriate correlations for free and forced convection.

Module IV: Radiation Heat Transfer
Interaction of radiation with materials; Definitions of radiative properties; Stefan Boltzmann’s law; Black and grey body radiation; Calculation of radiation heat transfer between surfaces using radiative properties; View factors and the radiosity method; Examples for two-body enclosures; Radiation shield.

Module V: Heat Exchanger Design
Function, classification and configuration of heat exchangers; Evaluation of mean temperature difference; Heat exchanger effectiveness; Analysis, design and selection of heat exchangers.

Module VI: Boiling and Condensation heat transfer
Pool boiling; Flow boiling; Film and drop wise condensation

Module VII: Introduction to mass transfer
Analogy between heat and mass transfer; Mass diffusion; Fick's Law; Steady and transient mass diffusion; Simultaneous heat and mass transfer.
Text/Reference Books:

Online Resources:
1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ch65/preview

Course Outcomes:
At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Formulate and analyze a heat transfer problem involving any of the three modes of heat transfer
2. Obtain exact solutions for the temperature variation using analytical methods where possible or
   employ approximate methods or empirical correlations to evaluate the rate of heat transfer
   Design heat exchangers and estimate the insulation needed to reduce heat losses where necessary.

*****
Objectives:

1. To learn about the application of mass and momentum conservation laws for fluid flows
2. To understand the importance of dimensional analysis
3. To obtain the velocity and pressure variations in various types of simple flows
4. To analyse the flow in water pumps and turbines.

Contents

**Properties of Fluid**: Definition of fluid; Newton’s law of viscosity; Units and dimensions; Physical properties of fluids; Control volume; Continuity equation and momentum equation; Incompressible flow; Bernoulli’s equation and its applications. (5)

**Dimensional Analysis**: Dimensionally homogeneous equations; Buckingham Pi Theorem; Calculation of dimensionless parameters. Similitude and complete similarity; Model scales; Basic boundary layer theory and analysis. (7)

**Fluid Kinematics**: Different approaches; Reynolds transport theorem; Flow visualization; Types of flow; Strain rate, stream line, streak line, path lines and stream tubes; Continuity equation in Cartesian coordinates in 3D forms; Velocity and acceleration of fluid particles; Velocity potential function and stream function. (6)

**Momentum Equation**: Momentum equation; Nervier Stoke equation; Development of Euler's equation; Bernoulli’s equation and application; Steady and unsteady flow through orifice; Orifice placed in pipe; Venturimeter; Flow over triangular and rectangular notches; Pitot tube. (4)

**Laminar and Turbulent Flow**: Viscous/Laminar flow – Plane Poiseuille flow and Coutte flow; Laminar flow through circular pipes; Loss of head and power absorbed in viscous flow; Turbulent flow – Reynolds experiment; Frictional losses in pipe flow; Shear stress in turbulent flow; Major and minor losses (Darcy's and Chezy's equation); Flow through siphon pipes; Branching pipes and equivalent pipe. (5)

**Rotodynamic Machines**: Euler's equation; Theory of Rotodynamic machines; Various efficiencies; Velocity components at entry and exit of the rotor; Velocity triangles; Centrifugal pumps – working principle, work done by the impeller and performance curves; Cavitation in pumps; Reciprocating pump – working principle. (7)

**Hydraulic Turbines**: Classification of water turbines; Heads and efficiencies; Velocity triangles; Axial, radial and mixed flow turbines; Pelton wheel, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbines – working and design principles. (6)

Text /Reference Books:


Online Resources:

1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ce85/preview

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Mathematically analyze simple flow situations
2. Evaluate the performance of various pumps and turbines.

*****
Objectives:
1. To understand the nature of stresses developed in simple geometries such as bars, cantilevers, beams, shafts, cylinders and spheres for various types of simple loads.
2. To calculate the elastic deformation occurring in various simple geometries for different types of loading.

Contents

Module I: Concept of Stress and Strain
Deformation of bars: Hooke’s law, stress, strain, and elongation; Tensile, compressive and shear stresses in 2D solids; Elastic constants and their relations; Volumetric, linear and shear strains; Principal stresses and strain; Principal planes; Mohr’s circle. (8)

Module II: Mechanics of Beams
Transverse loading on beams, point and distributed loads; Shear force and bend moment diagrams; Types of beam supports – simply supported, over-hanging, cantilevers, fixed and guided beams; Static determinacy and indeterminacy; Theory of bending of beams, pure bending stress distribution and neutral plane, second moment of area; Different cross-sections of beams; Shear stress distribution. (8)

Module III: Deflection of Beams
Deflection of a beam using the double integration method; Computation of slopes and deflection in beams; Myosotis method for computing deflections and slopes. (8)

Module IV: Column Buckling
Critical loads using Euler’s theory; Different boundary conditions; Eccentric columns. (2)

Module V: Torsion and Twist
Torsion stresses and deformation of circular and hollow shafts; Polar moment of area, stepped shafts; Deflection of shafts fixed at both ends; Stresses and deflection of helical springs. (5)

Module VI: Energy Theorem
Principle of virtual work; Minimum potential energy theorem; Castigliano’s theorems; Maxwell reciprocity theorem. (3)

Module VII: Pressure Vessels
Axial and hoop stresses in cylinders subjected to internal pressure; Deformation of thin and thick cylinders; Deformation in spherical shells subjected to internal pressure; Combined thermo-mechanical stress; Examples and case studies (boilers). (6)

Text/Reference Books:
Online Resources:
1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/102/112102284/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105108/
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/106/105106172/

Course Outcomes:
At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Recognize various types loads applied on machine components of simple geometry and understand the nature of internal stresses that will develop within the components
2. Evaluate the strains and deformation that will result due to the elastic stresses developed within the materials for simple types of loading
3. Analyse and design beams, shafts and hollow cylinders.

*****
Objectives:
1. To understand the kinematics and rigid-body dynamics of kinematically driven machine components
2. To understand the motion of linked mechanisms in terms of the displacement, velocity and acceleration at any point in a rigid link
3. To be able to design linkage mechanisms and cam systems to generate specified output motion
4. To understand the kinematics of gear trains

Contents

Module I: Mechanisms
Definition and types of joints; Lower and higher pairs; Classification of mechanisms based on function and constraints; Common mechanisms such as slider crank and 4-bar mechanisms and their inversions; Quick return mechanism, Straight line generators, rocker mechanisms, universal joints, steering mechanisms, etc.

Module II: Basic Kinematic Concepts and Definitions
Degree of freedom and Grübler’s formula; Grashof’s rule and rotatability limits; Mechanical advantage; Transmission angle; Limit positions.

Module III: Geometric Design of Mechanisms
Graphical synthesis of dyads and crank-rocker for two- and three-position synthesis for path and motion generation.

Module IV: Kinematic Analysis of Simple Mechanisms
Displacement, velocity, and acceleration analysis; Velocity analysis using instantaneous centers; Position, velocity and acceleration analysis using loop closure equations; Coincident points; Coriolis component of acceleration.

Module IV: Static & Dynamic Force analysis of Simple Mechanisms
Two & three force members; Force & moment equilibrium; Inertial forces; Equations of motion for force-bar and slider-crank mechanisms.

Module V: Cams and Followers
Classification and terminology; Displacement, velocity, acceleration and jerk diagrams; Uniform velocity, parabolic, simple harmonic and cycloidal motions; Derivatives of follower motions; Circular and tangent cams; Pressure angle and undercutting; Graphical and analytical disc cam profile synthesis for roller and flat face followers.

Module VI: Gears
Involute and cycloidal profiles; gear parameters; Fundamental law of gearing and conjugate action; Spur gear contact ratio and interference; Helical, bevel, worm, rack & pinion gears; Epicyclic and regular gear train kinematics; Force analysis of spur, helical, bevel and worm gearing.

Computer-aided simulation of simple mechanisms.

Text/Reference Books:

**Online Resources:**
1. [https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105268](https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105268)

**Course Outcomes:**

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

1. Design various types of linkage mechanisms for obtaining specific motion and analyze them for optimal functioning
Objectives:
1. Broad understanding of different types of engineering materials and their applications
2. Correlation between the internal structure of materials and their mechanical properties
3. Various methods to quantify the mechanical integrity of materials and their failure criteria
4. Interpretation of equilibrium phase diagrams of alloys
5. Different heat treatment methods to tailor the properties of Fe-C alloys.

Contents

Module I: Engineering Materials and Classification
Metals, plastics, ceramics and composites; Relevant properties (physical, mechanical, thermal, electrical, chemical), cost; Range of applications; Material designation and standards; Ashby diagrams; Selection criteria and process

Module II: Mechanical Properties and Testing
Tensile, compression, torsion, fatigue, fracture and wear tests; Young’s modulus; Relations between true and engineering stress-strain curves; Generalized Hooke’s law; Yielding and yield strength; ductility, resilience, toughness and elastic recovery; Hardness measurement their relation to strength; SN curve, endurance and fatigue limits; Introduction to non-destructive testing (NDT).

Metal and Alloys: Iron and steel; Stainless steel and tool steels; Copper & its alloys – brass, bronze & cupro-nickel; Aluminium & Al-Cu-Mg alloys; Nickel based superalloys & Titanium alloys; Phase diagrams and interpretation of microstructure; Iron-Iron-carbide phase diagram and cooling (TTT) diagrams.

Heat Treatment: Heat treatment of Steel; Annealing, tempering, normalizing, spheroidising, austempering, martempering, case hardening, carburizing, nitriding, cyaniding, carbo-nitriding, flame and induction hardening, vacuum and plasma hardening

Polymers, Ceramics and Composites: Polymers – Classification and applications; Polymerization techniques; Ceramics – Oxide ceramics, ceramic insulators, bio-ceramics and Glasses; Composites – Reinforcement, matrix, metal matrix composites, ceramic composites, polymer composites; Other advanced materials – biomaterials, optical materials, high temperature materials, energy materials, and nanomaterials.

Electrical and Magnetic Materials: Conducting and resisting materials – types, properties and applications; Semiconducting materials – properties and applications; Magnetic materials – Soft and hard magnetic materials and applications; Superconductors and dielectric materials – properties and applications; Smart materials; Sensors and actuators; Piezoelectric, magnetostrictive and electrostrictive materials.

Text/Reference Books:

Online Resources:
1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_me90/preview

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will
1. Know the range of engineering materials, their mechanical properties and applications
2. Know various methods to measure the mechanical properties of materials
3. Learn how to improve the properties of ferrous alloys through various heat treatments

*****
Objectives:

(i) To understand the principles and performance characteristics of flow and thermal devices  
(ii) To know about the measurement of the fluid properties

Contents:

1. Measurement of Coefficient of Discharge of given Orifice and Venturi meters  
2. Determination of the density & viscosity of an oil and friction factor of oil flow in a pipe  
3. Determination of the performance characteristics of a centrifugal pump  
4. Determination of the performance characteristics of Pelton Wheel  
5. Determination of the performance characteristics of a Francis Turbine  
6. Determination of the performance characteristics of a Kaplan Turbine  
7. Determination of the thermal conductivity and specific heat of given objects  
8. Determination of the calorific value of a given fuel and its flash & fire points  
9. Determination of the p-V diagram and the performance of a 4-stroke diesel engine  
10. Determination of the convective heat transfer coefficient for flow over a heated plate  
11. Determination of the emissivity of a given sample  
12. Determination of the performance characteristics of a vapour compression system

Course Outcomes:
The students who have undergone the course will be able to measure various properties of fluids and characterize the performance of fluid/thermal machinery.

*****
SEMESTER – V
Objectives:

1. To understand safety-critical design of machine components using failure criteria based on mechanics of materials
2. To understand the origins, nature and applicability of empirical design principles, relevant codes, standards and design guidelines for different machine elements
3. To appreciate the relationships between component level design and overall machine system design and performance

Contents

Module I: Introduction
Anatomy of machines; Functional dissection of motorcycle, washing machine, sewing machine, etc. into machine elements including gears, rack and pinions, cams, chains, belts, pulleys, flywheels, bearings, shafts, keys, brakes, etc.; Design considerations – Limits, fits and standardization; Friction and lubrication.

Module II: Free-body Diagrams
Force analysis of machine elements and machine systems; Application to power screws and couplings, clutches, and brakes.

Module III: Failure Theories
Static failure theories including normal stress theory, shear stress theory, distortion energy theory; von Mises stress; Factor of safety; Stress concentration factors; Fatigue failure theories: mean and alternating stresses, yield, ultimate, and endurance strength; Goodman, Gerber, and Soderberg lines.

Module IV: Design of Machine Elements
Springs – Helical compression, tension, torsional and leaf springs; Fasteners – threaded fasteners, bolted joints, preloaded bolts, rivets and welded joints; Shafts – shafts under static and fatigue loadings; Keys; Sliding and rolling contact bearings; Transmission elements – transmission ratio and efficiency of spur, helical, bevel and worm gears; belt and chain drives; Flywheels.

Module V: Vibrations of Machine Elements
Single degree-of-freedom systems; Natural frequency and critical damping; Forced vibration; Resonance; Balancing of reciprocating and rotating masses; Torsional vibration and critical speeds of shafts.

Module VI: Mechanical Systems
Case studies on automobile suspensions, automatic transmissions, material conveyor systems, construction machinery, etc.

Text /Reference Books:

Online Resources:
1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105124/

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Principles of machine elements and how they can be combined to function as a system
2. Failure analysis of machine elements
3. An overview of codes, standards and design guidelines for different elements
4. Ability to analyse mechanical systems

*****
Objectives:

1. Model and analyze mechatronic systems for an engineering application
2. Identify sensors, transducers and actuators to monitor and control a process or product.
3. Develop PLC programs for an engineering application.
4. Evaluate the performance of mechatronic systems.

Contents

Module I: Introduction: Electro-mechanical systems; Typical applications; Examples – automobiles, home appliances, medical instruments, etc.

Module II: Sensors: Transduction principles; Sensitivity, accuracy, range, resolution, noise sources; Sensors for common engineering measurements – proximity, force, velocity, temperature, etc.; Signal processing and conditioning; Selection of sensors.

Module III: Actuators: Pneumatic and hydraulic actuators; Electric motors including DC, AC, BLDC, servo and stepper motors; Solenoids and relays; Active materials – piezoelectric and shape memory alloys.

Module IV: Machine Controls: Microprocessors and their architecture; Memory and peripheral interfacing; Programming; Microcontrollers; Programmable Logic Controllers; PLC principle and operation; Analog and digital input/output modules; Memory module; Timers, internal relays, counters and data handling; Industrial automation systems; Basic PLC programming; Industry kits (Arduino, Raspberry Pi, etc.).

Module V: Robotics: Robot configurations: serial and parallel; Denavit–Hartenberg parameters; Manipulators kinematics; Rotation matrix, Homogenous transformation matrix; Direct and inverse Kinematics for robot position and orientation; Workspace estimation and path planning; Robot vision; Motion tracking; Robot programming and control; Industrial robots - Pick and place robots, sorting, assembly, welding, inspection, etc.

Module VI: Control Theory and Systems: Basic control concepts; Feedback; Open and closed loop control; Concept of block diagrams; P, PI and PID controllers; Tuning the gain of controllers; System models, transfer functions, system response, frequency response; Root Locus method and Bode plots.

Module VII: Computational Tools: Demonstration and projects using simulation software (e.g., Matlab, Scilab, ROBODK) for control systems and robotics.

Text /Reference Books:

Online Resources:
1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/107/106/107106090/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/101/112101098/
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/107/112107289/
4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104298/

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Ability to recognize and analyze electro-mechanical systems in daily lives.
2. Understand the role of sensors, actuators, and controls in mechatronic systems.
3. Understand the basic theory of robot kinematics.
4. Familiarity with control theory and controller design.
5. Understand the measurement of various quantities using instruments, their accuracy & range, and the techniques for controlling devices automatically.

*****
Objectives:

To motivate and challenge students to understand and develop an appreciation of the processes in correlation with material properties which change the shape, size and form of the raw materials into the desirable product by conventional or unconventional manufacturing methods

Contents

Module I: Manufacturing Processes and Classification: Additive, subtractive and shaping processes; Relative advantages and limitations; Inter-dependency of geometry, material and process; Effect on product quality and cost; Part design for manufacturability; Process selection criteria.

Module II: Material Shaping Processes: Metal casting (sand, die and investment casting), Bulk forming (forging, rolling, extrusion, drawing) and sheet forming (shearing, deep drawing, bending); Thermoplastic and thermoset plastic processes (ex. injection and blow molding); Powder metallurgy; Metal injection molding; Glass and composite processes (layup).

Module III: Material Removal Processes: Turning, Drilling, Milling, Grinding and other finishing processes; Single and multi-point cutting tools; Cutting tool materials; Cutting fluids; Material removal rates, surface finish, accuracy, integrity and machinability

Module IV: Other (unconventional) Manufacturing Processes: Abrasive Jet Machining, Water Jet Machining; Ultrasonic Machining; Electrical Discharge Machining, Wire EDM; Electro-Chemical Machining; Laser Beam Machining, Plasma Arc Machining and Electron Beam Machining; Micro and nano manufacturing.

Module V: Additive Manufacturing Processes: Extrusion; vat polymerization, powder bed fusion; material jetting, binder jetting; direct energy deposition and lamination processes.

Module VI: Joining and Fastening Processes: Arc welding, gas welding, shielded metal arc welding; GMAW (MIG) and GTAW (TIG); Brazing and soldering; Solid state joining; Adhesive bonding.

Module VII: Manufacturing Process Modeling (for any one process, including simulation and industrial case study): Casting – metal flow, solidification and cooling; application to design of gating and feeding systems for quality and yield optimization; OR Forming – Plastic deformation and yield criteria; load estimation; OR Machining – Orthogonal cutting, various force components; Chip formation, Tool wear and tool life.

Text/Reference Books:

4. Degarmo, Black & Kohser, Materials and Processes in Manufacturing.
Online Resource:
1  https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/manufacturing

Course Outcomes:
At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Understand the different conventional and unconventional manufacturing methods employed for making different products.

******
Objectives:

1. To understand the proper use and maintenance of important instruments, such as Vernier callipers, autocollimators, slip gauges, and pyrometers
2. To identify the techniques for the quality assurance of the products and the optimality of the process in terms of resources and time management.

Contents

Module I: Measurement Purpose and Parameters: Parameters – geometry (straightness, flatness, roundness, etc.), displacement, force, speed, torque, flow, level, pressure, temperature, acceleration, etc.; Definitions: Accuracy, precision, range, resolution, uncertainty and error sources; Regression analysis.

Module II: Measurement Principles: Structure and examples of measurement systems; Calibration principles; Linear and angular measurements; Comparators; Gauge design; Interferometry.

Module III: Limits, Fit and Tolerances: Definitions; Tolerance zone and grades, Hole and shaft system, Geometric tolerances, Tylor's principle of gauging, Design of tolerances for various applications; Tolerance analysis in manufacturing and assembly; Role of metrology in Design of Manufacturing.

Module IV: Mechanical Measurements and Equipment: Dimensional metrology – Vernier, micrometers, LVDT; Form metrology – form tester, surface profiler, CMM, 3D scanning; Surface metrology – optical microscopes, Laser scanning microscopes, electron microscopy (SEM/TEM), x-ray microscopy, Raman spectroscopy; Tool wear, workpiece quality and process metrology.


Module VI: Electrical Measurements and Instruments: Signal generators and analysis; Wave analyzer; Spectrum analyzer; Frequency counters – measurement errors, extending the frequency range; Transducers – types, strain gages, displacement transducers; Digital data acquisition system - interfacing transducers to electronics control and measuring system; Instrumentation amplifier; Isolation amplifier; Computer-controlled test systems.

Module VII: Design of Experiments and Statistical Analysis: DOE techniques; Taguchi orthogonal arrays; Data acquisition, signal processing and conditioning; Error of a system of ideal elements; Error probability density function of a system of non-ideal elements; Error reduction techniques; Quality control and assurance in industry.

Text/Reference Books:


**Online Resources:**

1. Mechanical Measurements and Metrology by Prof. S P Venkateshan (IIT Madras), NPTEL Course (Link: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/106/112106138/).
2. Principles of Mechanical Measurement by Prof. Dipankar N Basu (IIT Guwahati), NPTEL Course (Link: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103261/).

**Course Outcomes:**

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

1. Basic knowledge about measurement systems and their components
2. Various instruments used for measurement of mechanical and electrical parameters
3. Integrate measurement systems for process monitoring and control
4. Design of limits, fits and tolerances for given applications
Objectives:

1. To understand the measurement of mechanical properties of materials
2. To understand the deformation behaviour of materials
3. To understand the kinematic and dynamic characteristics of mechanical devices

Contents

1. Uniaxial tension test on mild steel rod
2. Torsion test on mild steel rod
3. Impact test on a metallic specimen
4. Brinnell and Rockwell hardness tests on metallic specimen
5. Bending deflection test on beams
6. Strain measurement using Rosette strain gauge
7. Microscopic examination of heat-treated and untreated metallic samples
8. Velocity ratios of simple, compound, epicyclic and differential gear trains
9. Kinematics of four bar, slider crank, crank rocker, double crank, double rocker and oscillating cylinder mechanisms
10. Cam & follower and motion studies
11. Single degree of freedom Spring-mass-damper system, determination of natural frequency and damping coefficient
12. Determination of torsional natural frequency of single and double rotor systems- undamped and damped natural frequencies

Course Outcomes:

Students who have undergone the course will be able to understand the measurement of mechanical properties of materials and will be able to characterize the dynamic behaviour of mechanical systems

******
SEMESTER – VI
Objectives:

1. To provide an overview of how computers can be utilized in mechanical component design

Contents

Module I: Introduction: Role of computers in design process; Computer aided design, analysis and manufacturing; Computer integrated manufacturing; Popular CAD software used in industry; Input and output devices.

Module II: Transformations: Matrix representation of points, lines and planes; 2D transformation for translation, scaling, rotation and reflection; Homogeneous representation & concatenation; 3D transformations.

Module III: Curves and Surfaces: Representation of curves; Hermite curves, Bezier curves, B-spline curves, Rational curves; Surface modelling – parametric representation, planar surface, surface of revolution, Coons and bicubic patches, Bezier and B-spline surfaces.

Module IV: Solid Modelling: Solid modelling techniques – sweep (linear and curved), Boolean (constructive solid geometry) and other techniques; Solid model representation (Boundary and Constructive Solid Geometry); Medical modelling (pixels, scans and voxels); Exchange standards (IGES, DXF, STEP, STL etc.).

Module V: Engineering Analysis: Introduction to finite element method; Principle of potential energy; FE analysis of 1D element problems (spring, bar, truss elements); Development of element stiffness equation and their assembly; Plain strain and plain stress problems; Domain discretization, pre-processing and post-processing; Verification and validation; Popular CAE software used in industry

Module VI: Introduction to CFD and HT: Basic theoretical framework, Boundary conditions, Application Examples: thermal and fluid machines.

Module VII: Design Optimization: Purpose and application of optimum design, Primary and subsidiary design equations, Limit Equations, Normal, redundant and incompatible specifications problems; Computer-aided design optimization.

Text/Reference Books:
Online Resources:

1. NPTEL Lecture Series:
   - https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/102/112102101/
   - https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104031/

2. MIT OCW:
   https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mechanical-engineering/2-158j-computational-geometry-spring-2003/

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
- Upon completion of this course, the students can use computer and CAD software for modelling and analyzing simple mechanical components

******
PCC-ME 307 | Manufacturing Automation | 3L: 0T: 2P | 4 credits

Objectives:

1. To understand the importance of automation in the of field machine tool based manufacturing
2. To get the knowledge of various elements of manufacturing automation – CAD/CAM, sensors, pneumatics, hydraulics and CNC
3. To understand the basics of product design and the role of manufacturing automation

Contents

Introduction: Definition; Reasons for automating; Strategies; Types of automation; Numerical control (NC, CNC, DNC); Introduction to CNC programming and computer-aided process planning.

Machine and Process Automation: CNC machines, Automated flow lines (types, selection); Work part transport and transfer mechanisms; Feedback systems and control; Modular and reconfigurable machines, adaptive machine controls.

Automated Assembly Systems: Historical developments; Choice of assembly methods; Design for automated assembly; Transfer systems; Vibratory and non-vibratory feeders; Feed tracks, part orienting and placing mechanisms.

Factory Automation: Lean manufacturing, Automation scalability (fixed, programmable, flexible and reconfigurable); Design and analysis of automated flow lines; Average production time, production rate, line efficiency; Analysis of transfer lines without storage; Partial and full automation.

Automation Tools and Techniques: Mechanical, electro-mechanical, pneumatic and hydraulic systems; Sensors integration; Process monitoring, data analysis and control using actuators; Robots (pick, place, assembly, welding, painting, etc.); Automatic Guided Vehicles; Automated inspection and measurement (CMM and 3D Scanning); Machine vision, AI and machine learning; Human-machine interfaces; Examples and case studies.

Advanced Automation Trends: Digital, inclusive, smart and distributed manufacturing; Industry 4.0; Digital transformations in shop-floors (CIM to Smart factory; Intelligent machines to Smart Machines; Factory automation to Distributed automation; Human sense to system sensed).

Examples and Case Studies: Pick and place robots, testing and sorting based systems, etc; Orientation of parts: in-bowl and out-of-bowl toolings; Manufacturing equipment embedded with digital data and driven by adoptive controls; Manufacturing automation with autonomous decisions taken by computers based on the realistic process/machines (production conditions) data acquired from the resources.

Text/Reference Books:

Online Resources:

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104289/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103293/
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103174/

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. To understand the importance of automation in manufacturing value chain
2. To get the knowledge of various elements of automation tools and techniques
3. To understand the emerging digital manufacturing trends

*****
PCC-ME 308 | Production & Operations Management | 3L: 1T: 0P | 4 credits

**Objectives:**

1. To provide knowledge on machines and related tools for manufacturing various components.
2. To understand the relationship between process and system in manufacturing domain.
3. To identify the techniques for the quality assurance of the products and the optimality of the process in terms of resources and time management.

**Contents**

**Introduction:** Scope of production management. Production system and resources (machines, tooling, etc.); Types of production (batch, flow and unit), Roles of line supervisors and production managers.

**Project Management:** Project life cycle: concept phase (RFQ, Quotations, Proposals), Project initiations, DPR preparation (project value, business case development and feasibility study); Project planning (obtaining resources, acquiring financing and procuring required materials); Project team, producing quality outputs, handling risk, acceptance criteria; Project execution (allocation of resources, scheduling, building deliverables); Project Monitoring and control: Project networks, progress review (physical and financial), CPM and PERT, critical path, re-scheduling; Project closure: acceptance of project deliverable; Analytics: Performance, capability aggregation, cost benefit analysis, variability analysis, Output-outcome analysis, project documentation, best practices, and depository.

**Production Planning and Control:** Production planning, Process planning, Resource planning, demand-utility mapping (production capability index, forecasting models, aggregate production planning, materials requirement planning); Inventory Management: Economic order Quantity, discount models, stochastic inventory models, practical inventory control models, JIT; Supply chain and management.


**Operation Management:** Linear programming, objective function and constraints, graphical method, Simplex and duplex algorithms, transportation assignment; Simple queuing theory models; Traveling Salesman problem; Network models: shortest route, minimal spanning tree, maximum flow model.

**Text /Reference Books:**


Online Resources:
1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_mg06/preview

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. To provide knowledge on production management techniques that develop and establish relationship between market demand and production capability.
2. To understand the operation management: Resource planning and their utility
3. To understand the scientific approach and tools and techniques that assure market competitiveness by ensuring the quality, cost and time

******
PCC-ME 309 | Product Innovation & Entrepreneurship | 3L: 1T: 0P | 4 credits

Objectives:

To expose aspiring student entrepreneurs to various elements of a technology venture starting from market need identification to innovative solution development and its commercialization through business planning and start-up company incubation.

Contents

**Entrepreneurship:** Role of entrepreneurship in economic development; Entrepreneurial mindset, motivation and competencies; Market pull and technology push factors; New product development lifecycle; Technology readiness levels; Product-market fit validation; Commercialization pathways; Business vision & leadership; Team composition & management.

**Product Innovation:** Opportunity scanning, market survey, need identification and problem definition; Creative design thinking for concept generation; Detailed design & prototyping; Functionality & manufacturability; Bill of materials & components supply chain; Manufacturing & assembly plan; Product testing & quality assurance; Intellectual property rights management.

**Marketing & Finance:** Market segmentation & market sizing; Customer persona & value proposition; Marketing (Go-to-market) strategy; Distribution channels and sales network; Funding requirement (based on stage); Source of funding for startup ventures; Financial projections and accounting; Startup to scale up financing.

**Venture Creation:** Sustainable business options & pathways; Business model & business canvas; Startup team & business partners; Startup ecosystem and stakeholders; Technology business incubators & parks; Proposal pitching & agreements; Startup company incorporation; Social impact & responsibility.

**Course Project:** Need identification, innovative solution, business plan, go-to-market strategy.

**Text /Reference Books:**

**Online Resources:**
1. [https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ge03/preview](https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ge03/preview)

**Course Outcomes:**

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Understand how to identify an unmet need through market research
2. Learn how to create an innovative solution and check problem-solution fit
3. Practice business planning, including marketing, fund-raising and start-up incubation.

*****
PCC-ME 310 Mechanical Engg. Lab-3 (Manufacturing) 0L:1T:2P 2 credits

Objectives:

1. To provide an understanding of advanced manufacturing methods.
2. To get an idea of the dimensional & form accuracy of products.

Contents:

About 12 experiments will be carried out as listed below:

1. Taper turning and external thread cutting using lathe
2. Contour milling using vertical milling machine
3. Spur gear cutting in milling machine
4. Measurement of cutting forces in Milling/ Turning process
5. CNC part programming
6. Drilling of a small hole using wire EDM
7. Microprocessor controlled pick & place robot
8. Use of Tool Maker’s Microscope
9. Comparator and sine bar
10. Surface finish measurement equipment
11. Bore diameter measurement using micrometer and telescopic gauge
12. Use of Autocollimator

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to perform some advanced manufacturing operations and also be able to evaluate the accuracy & tolerance of components produced.

*****
Objectives:

This course is aimed to provide more weightage for project work. The project work could be done in the form of a summer project or internship in the industry or even a minor practical project in the college. Participation in any technical event/competition to fabricate and demonstrate an innovative machine or product could be encouraged under this course.

*****
SEMESTER – VII
SEMESTER VII

| PROJ - ME 401 | Engineering Project-2 (Design & Analysis) | 0L:0T:8P | 4 credits |

Objectives:

This course is aimed to provide more weightage for project work. The project work could be done in the form of a summer project or internship in the industry or even a minor practical project in the college. Participation in any technical event/competition to fabricate and demonstrate an innovative machine or product could be encouraged under this course.
SEMESTER – VIII
SEMESTER VIII

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tr>
<td>PROJ - ME 402</td>
<td>Engineering Project-3 (Prototype &amp; Testing)</td>
<td>6 credits</td>
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Objectives:

It is intended to start the project work early in the seventh semester and carry out both design and fabrication of a mechanical device whose working can be demonstrated. The design is expected to be completed in the seventh semester and the fabrication and demonstration will be carried out in the eighth semester.
APPENDIX-1

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES

PEL-ME  Refrigeration and Air Conditioning  3L: 0T: 0P  3 credits

Objectives:

1. To familiarize with the terminology associated with refrigeration systems and air conditioning.
2. To understand basic refrigeration processes.
3. To understand the basics of psychrometry and practice of applied psychrometries.
4. To acquire the skills required to model, analyse and design different refrigeration as well as air conditioning processes and components.

Contents

**Introduction:** Basic Definitions of Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning; History of Refrigeration; Natural and Artificial Refrigeration Methods; Techniques to produce low temperatures; Applications of Refrigeration; Refrigerants- Classification, Nomenclature, Desirable Properties, Selection.

**Air Refrigeration:** Air Refrigeration Cycles - reversed Carnot cycle; Bell-Coleman cycle analysis; various methods of Aircraft Refrigeration: Analysis, Merits and demerits.

**Vapor Compression Refrigeration System:** Ideal VCR cycle (Working, Analysis and Limitations); Standard VCRS (Working and Analysis); Methods to improve performance of VCR; Multi-Stage VCRS; Cascade Refrigeration.

**Components of Refrigeration Systems:** Compressors: Positive Displacement (Reciprocating and Rotary); Dynamic (Centrifugal and Axial) Compressors; Condensers and Evaporators (Both Natural and Forced Convection type); Expansion Devices and other components of the system.

**Vapor Absorption Systems:** Working and Analysis; Absorbent - Refrigerant combinations; Water-Ammonia Systems; Water-Lithium Bromide System; Modified Version of Aqua-Ammonia System with Rectifier and Analyzer Assembly.

**Other Refrigeration systems:** Brief Discussion on (i) Steam-Jet refrigeration system; (ii) Vortex tube refrigeration; (iii) Thermoelectric refrigeration system; and (iv) Magnetic refrigeration.

**Psychrometry:** Classification of Air-Conditioning Systems; ASHRAE Nomenclature; Applications of Air-Conditioning; Psychrometry - Air-water vapor mixtures; Psychrometric Properties; Psychrometric or Air-Conditioning processes; Psychrometric Chart.

**Air-Conditioning Systems:** Classification of Air-Conditioning Systems; Psychrometry of Air-Conditioning Systems; Thermal Comfort (Definition and Psychrometric Properties for Thermal Comfort); Mathematical Analysis of Air-Conditioning Systems; Cooling and Heating Load Estimation; a brief discussion on Ventilation.

Text /Reference Books:

2. Domkundwar, Refrigeration and Air conditioning, Dhanpat Rai.

Online Resources:

1.  https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_me135/preview

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

1. Understand the working principles of refrigeration and air-conditioning systems.
Objectives:

To provide an overview of power plants and the associated energy conversion issues.

Contents

Introduction: Power plants – types and classification based on energy sources.

Coal based Thermal Power Plants: Basic Rankine cycle and its modifications; Layout of modern coal power plant; Super critical boilers, FBC boilers; Turbines, condensers, steam and heating rates; Subsystems of thermal power plants; Fuel and ash handling; Draught system; Feed water treatment; Binary cycles and cogeneration systems.

Gas Turbine and Combined Cycle Power Plants: Brayton cycle analysis and optimization; Components of gas turbine power plants; Combined cycle power plants; Integrated Gasifier based Combined Cycle (IGCC) systems.

Nuclear Power Plants: Basics of nuclear energy conversion; Layout and subsystems of nuclear power plants; Boiling Water Reactor (BWR); Pressurized Water Reactor (PWR); CANDU Reactor; Pressurized Heavy Water Reactor (PHWR); Fast Breeder Reactors (FBR); Gas cooled and liquid metal cooled reactors; Safety measures for nuclear power plants.

Hydroelectric Power Plants: Classification; Typical layout and components.


Energy Economics and Environment: Economic and environmental issues; Power tariffs; Load distribution parameters; Load curve; Capital and operating cost of different power plants; Pollution control technologies including waste disposal options for coal and nuclear plants.

Text /Reference Books:


Online Resources:

1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_me73/preview

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

1. Upon completion of the course, the students can understand the principles of operation for different power plants and their economics.

*****
Objectives:

1. To acquire knowledge of technical competency combined with research to generate innovative solutions in Energy engineering.
2. To be acquainted with a variety of options in energy sources.
3. To prepare the students to exhibit a high level of professionalism, integrity, environmental and social responsibility, and life-long independent learning ability with environment in mind.

Contents

**Introduction**: Basic concepts of energy; Introduction to Renewable Energy Technologies; Energy and Environment – global warming, acid rains, depletion of ozone layer; Global and Indian Scenario of renewable energy sources; Energy storage - necessity and energy storage methods.

**Solar Energy**: Fundamentals; Solar Radiation; Estimation of solar radiation on horizontal and inclined surfaces; Measurement of solar radiation data.

**Solar Thermal Systems**: Introduction; Basics of thermodynamics and heat transfer; Flat plate collector; Evacuated Tubular Collector; Solar air collector; Solar concentrator; Solar distillation; Solar cooker; Solar refrigeration and air conditioning; Thermal energy storage systems.

**Solar Photovoltaic Systems**: Introduction; Solar cell Fundamentals; Characteristics and classification; Solar cell: Module, panel and Array construction; Photovoltaic thermal systems.

**Wind Energy**: Introduction; Origin and nature of winds; Wind turbine siting; Basics of fluid mechanics; Wind turbine aerodynamics; wind turbine types and their construction; Wind energy conversion systems.

**Fuel cells**: Overview; Classification of fuel cells; Operating principles; Fuel cell thermodynamics.

**Biomass Energy**: Introduction; Photosynthesis Process; Biofuels; Biomass Resources; Biomass conversion technologies; Urban waste to energy conversion; Biomass gasification.

**Other forms of Energy**: Introduction: Nuclear, ocean and geothermal energy applications; Origin and their types; Working principles.

Text /Reference Books:


Online Resources:

1. [https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ph44/preview](https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ph44/preview)
2. [https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nou22_ge71/preview](https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nou22_ge71/preview)
Course Outcomes:
At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Acquire, apply and share in depth knowledge in the area of Energy Engineering and Management.
2. An ability to apply engineering and scientific principles for the effective management of energy systems.

Objectives:
To provide an overview of Additive Manufacturing processes, systems and applications.

Contents:

Introduction to Additive Manufacturing (AM): Evolution of AM/3D printing; Comparison with subtractive and forming processes; Advantages of AM; Classification of AM processes; Key steps in AM.

Liquid State-based AM Processes: Stereo lithography – Process and working principle; Photopolymers; Photo polymerization, layering technology, Laser and Laser scanning; Micro-stereolithography; Equipment and specifications; Applications, advantages, disadvantages, examples; Solid ground curing: Process, Working principle; Equipment and specifications; Applications, advantages, disadvantages, examples.

Solid State-based AM Processes: Fused Deposition Modeling – Process, working principle and materials; Equipment and specifications; Laminated object manufacturing – Process and working principle; Equipment and specifications; Applications, advantages, disadvantages, examples; Other solid-state processes – Ultrasonic consolidation, Gluing, Thermal bonding; Demonstration of equipment.


Applications of AM: Product development lifecycle applications – Rapid prototyping, concept models, visualization aids, replacement parts, tooling, jigs and fixtures, moulds and casting; Application sectors – aerospace, automobile, medical, jewelry, sports, electronics, food, architecture, construction and others.

Text/Reference Books:

Online Resources:

1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_me115/preview
2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_mg70/preview

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Understand the overall principle and various processes for additive manufacturing.
2. Select a particular additive manufacturing process based on the end application.
3. Plan the steps in fabricating a given part using additive manufacturing.

*******

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<th>PEL-ME</th>
<th>Automobile Engineering</th>
<th>3L: 0T: 0P</th>
<th>3 credits</th>
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</thead>
</table>

Objectives:

To understand the construction and working principle of various parts of an automobile.

Contents

Introduction: History of automobiles; Classification of automobiles; Power plant classification; Engine terminology; Types of cycles; Working principle of an IC engine; Advanced classification of engines and multi cylinder engines; Engine balance and firing order.

Fuel System, Ignition System and Electrical system: Spark Ignition engines – fuel tank, fuel filter, fuel pump, air filter, carburetor, direct injection of petrol engines; Compression Ignition engines – fuel injection (air and solid), pressure charging, super charging and turbo charging; Ignition systems – components, battery ignition, magneto ignition, electronic ignition and ignition timing; Main electrical circuits – generating & starting circuit, lighting, indicating devices.

Lubricating System and Cooling System: Functions & properties of lubricants, methods of lubrication; Oil filters, oil pumps, oil coolers; Characteristics of an effective cooling system; types of cooling systems; Radiator, thermostat, air cooling & water cooling.

Chassis & Transmission: Parts of automobile body; Automobile frames – functions, constructions, sub frames, materials and defects; Transmission – axles, clutches, propeller shafts, differential, gear boxes, automatic transmission, electronic transmission control, functions and types of front and rear axles, types and functions of clutches, Hotchkiss drive torque tube drive, traction control.

Steering, Braking and Suspension: Steering mechanism, steering gear box types, wheel geometry; Brakes – principle, functions, types, construction, operation and parking brake; Suspension - types of
spring shock absorbers, objectives and types of suspension system, rear axle suspension, electronic control and proactive suspension system.

**Automotive Air Conditioning:** Ventilation, heating, air condition, refrigerant, compressor and evaporator.

**Wheels and Tyres:** Wheel quality, assembly, types of wheels, wheel rims. Construction of tyres and tyre specifications.

**Recent Trends:** E-vehicles; Satellite-based navigation; Automated steering; Environment effect and mitigation.

**Text /Reference Books:**

**Online Resources:**
1. [https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/107/106/107106088/](https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/107/106/107106088/)

**Course Outcomes:**
At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to
1. Upon completion of this course, students will understand the function of each automobile component and also have a clear idea about the overall vehicle performance.

******
Appendix – II

A Guide to Induction Program
Appendix – II: A Guide to Induction Program

Introduction

In its 49th meeting, held on 14th March 2017, AICTE approved a package of measures for further improving the quality of technical education in the country. This 3-week mandatory Student Induction Program (SIP) based on Universal Human Values (UHV) is one of these key measures.

The SIP is intended to prepare newly admitted undergraduate students for the new stage in their life by facilitating a smooth transition from their home and school environment into the college and university environment.

The present form of the Student Induction Program (SIP) has taken inspiration from and gratefully acknowledges the many efforts in this direction. In particular the Foundation Program at IIT Gandhinagar1 (July 2011) and the course in Universal Human Values and Professional Ethics2 (IIIT Hyderabad, 2005; AKTU Lucknow, 2009 and PTU Jalandhar, 2011; overall about 35 universities); and also, the mentorship, internship and apprenticeship programs3 of several institutions. The SIP amalgamates all the three into an integrated whole, which leads to its high effectiveness in terms of building a healthy lifestyle, creativity, bonding and character. It develops sensitivity towards self and one’s relationships, builds awareness about others and society beyond the individual, and also in bonding with their own batch-mates and senior students as well as faculty members.

The purpose of this document along with accompanying details are to help institutions / colleges in understanding the spirit of the Induction Program and implementing it.

It is in line with the thoughts expressed in the NEP 2020:

“Education is fundamental for achieving **full human potential**, developing an **equitable and just society**, and promoting **National development**”.

“The purpose of the education system is to develop good human beings capable of rational thought and action, possessing compassion and empathy, courage and resilience, scientific temper and creative imagination, with sound ethical moorings and values”.

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1 IIT Gandhinagar places great emphasis on not only educating successful engineers of the future, but also creating well-rounded personalities, who contribute to society, are respectful of and can adapt to their surroundings, and prove themselves to be great thinkers and problem solvers in all avenues of life. In 2011, in line with this vision, It took the bold step to introduce a five week Foundation Program for incoming 1st year UG students. It involved activities such as games, art, etc.; also science and other creative workshops as well as lectures by eminent resource persons. To enable undivided attention on this, normal classes were scheduled only after this program was over.

2 The foundation course was started in 2005 at IIIT Hyderabad. In 2009, UP Technical University (now AKTU) introduced it in all academic programs across their 550 colleges. From there on, it has been included in the curriculum of many universities, particularly in technical universities, in quite a natural manner, filling a long-felt need. After AKTU, it was IKG-Punjab Technical University in 2011, then Royal University of Bhutan in 2012 and so on. By 2020, more than 40 universities in India and both universities of Bhutan have been offering this foundation course. Since 2017, it has been a compulsory credit course in AICTE's model curriculum for all UG courses. Faculty from all departments are involved in conducting the course. The content is universal, rational, verifiable and leading to harmony. The mode is a self-exploration (and not sermonising or lecturing). Faculty are to be prepared beforehand. The results have been quite encouraging.

3 Many institutes setup mentor-mentee network under which 1st year students are divided into small groups, each assigned to a senior student as a Student Buddy, and to a faculty member as a Faculty Mentor. Thus, a new student has their guidance through regular interactions. They can discuss their aims and aspirations as well as concerns whether social, psychological, financial, academic, or otherwise.
“It aims at producing engaged, productive, and contributing citizens for building an equitable, inclusive, and plural society as envisaged by our Constitution”.

“Education must build character, enable learners to be ethical, rational, compassionate, and caring, while at the same time prepare them for gainful, fulfilling employment”.

“The curriculum must include basic arts, crafts, humanities, games, sports and fitness, languages, literature, culture, and values, in addition to science and mathematics, to develop all aspects and capabilities of learners; and make education more well-rounded, useful, and fulfilling to the learner”.

So, when new students join an institution, they are to be welcomed and oriented to the institute, its vision, people, purpose, culture and values, policies, programs, rules and regulations etc. through a well-planned 3-week interaction before regular classes start.

Education aims at developing the students to their full potential, so that they are able to participate meaningfully not only in their profession, but also in their family, society and their natural environment. That requires the development of their values as well as skills.

Engineering colleges were established to train graduates in their respective branch/department of study, be ready for the job market, but also have a holistic outlook towards life and have a desire and competence to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have the knowledge and skills in the area of his study. However, s(he) must also have a broad understanding of society and relationships. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which s(he) would understand and fulfil his/her responsibility as an engineer, a family member, a citizen etc.

The same applies to all other branches of study – be it professional, vocational or any other area of academic. The graduating student must be a good human being and have the skills in their area of study.

Each family, institution, region, community etc. have evolved their way of life, their cultures over a period of time. The new students are going from one culture to another. Today, a major issue is that one culture tends to be opposed to other cultures. This is because their basic assumptions, and therefore thoughts, are different. Even though there are commonalities at the core value level, the conflict is at the level of expression and details.

With this situation, it is imperative to

- Articulate the essence or core aspects of human culture and civilization, i.e. understand universal human values like trust and respect, love and compassion
- Appreciate the various expressions, different approaches taken in different regions

Our effort is in the context of the whole humanity. However, when it comes to exemplifying these essential concepts, we will have to take to local or national expressions.

In SIP, we want to provide an exposure to essence in the context of the whole humanity first. Then we can take a representative cross-section of all cultures as expressions of this essence. A yardstick to evaluate these various options is provided to guide the student towards a humanistic culture founded on the truth and universal human values like love and compassion.
For example: We want to live with fulfilment as a society. This part is common, universal. To exemplify this, we may expose students to traditional Indian culture and philosophy as well as contemporary western culture and thought.

The intent is:

- Connecting the basic principles through specific examples
- To see and appreciate various cultures, to see the commonality amongst them, in the light of clarity about human culture and civilisation.
- To evaluate any specific example, system or culture, with a view to fill the gaps, rather than to criticise or reject it. Further, we can also be mutually enriching for other cultures.

Student Induction Program (SIP)

With this background, the SIP has been formulated with specific goals to help students to:

- Become familiar with the ethos and culture of the institution (based on institutional culture and practices)
- Set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in batch as well as between faculty members and students
- Get an exposure to a holistic vision of life, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the Self---family---Society---Nation---International---Entire Nature
- Facilitate them in creating new bonds with peers and seniors who accompany them through their college life and beyond
- Overcome weaknesses in some essential professional skills – only for those who need it (e.g. Mathematics, Language proficiency modules)

The SIP consists of different activities which includes meeting new students, socializing with teachers and other people in the university. Secondly associating with the Local area or city, knowing different departments, associating with the department heads, local stores and necessary shops for the survival at new place. Basically, getting information about the rules and regulations of the university which includes do’s and don’ts. Other activities which may involve students in several creative, cultural and co-curricular activities through which they can explore themselves and get idea about their intrinsic desires and interests which may help them in the long run. In order to make it worth, at the initial level of joining of student various seminars, lectures by eminent personalities, sessions by the appointed mentor for the student is being done to make them more familiar with the university environment. It has been seen that student after schooling when moves towards further studies for either under graduation or post-graduation has got so many confusions and false knowledge about the college and the curriculum. They should know the basic idea about the fruits and prospects of the particular course and the university or institute in which they are entering. To have faith about their choices and to know that after completion, they will be well equipped with the values and skills which may aid to their future goals and let them work for their personal motives, society and the Nation’s development.

The various modules or core areas recommended for the 3-week SIP are:

**SIP Module 1: Universal Human Values I (UHV I)**  
22 hours

The purpose is to help develop a holistic perspective about life. A self-reflective methodology of teaching is adopted. It opens the space for the student to explore his/her role (value) in all aspects of living – as an individual, as a member of a family, as a part...
of the society and as a unit in nature. Through this process of self-exploration, students are able to discover the values intrinsic in them. The session-wise topics are given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Session No.</th>
<th>Topic Title</th>
<th>Aspirations and Issues</th>
<th>Basic Realities (underlying harmony)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Welcome and Introductions</td>
<td>Getting to know each other</td>
<td>Self-exploration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 and 3</td>
<td>Aspirations and Concerns</td>
<td>Individual academic, career... Expectations of family, peers, society, nation...</td>
<td>Basic human aspirations Need for a holistic perspective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fixing one’s goals</td>
<td>Role of UHV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 and 5</td>
<td>Self-Management</td>
<td>Self-confidence, peer pressure, time management, anger, stress...</td>
<td>Harmony in the human being</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Personality development, self-improvement...</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 and 7</td>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Health issues, healthy diet, healthy lifestyle Hostel life</td>
<td>Harmony of the Self and Body Mental and physical health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8, 9, 10 and 11</td>
<td>Relationships</td>
<td>Home sickness, gratitude towards parents, teachers and others Ragging and interaction Competition and cooperation Peer pressure</td>
<td>Harmony in relationship Feelings of trust, respect... gratitude, glory, love</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Society</td>
<td>Participation in society</td>
<td>Harmony in the society</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Natural Environment</td>
<td>Participation in nature</td>
<td>Harmony in nature/existence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Sum Up</td>
<td>Review role of education Need for a holistic perspective</td>
<td>Information about UHV-II course, mentor and buddy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Self-evaluation and Closure</td>
<td>Sharing and feedback</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SIP Module 2: Physical Health and Related Activities** 51 hours  
This module is intended to help understand the basic principles to remain healthy and fit and practice them through a healthy routine which includes exercise, games etc.

**SIP Module 3: Familiarization of Department/Branch and Innovation** 06 hours  
This module is for introducing and relating the student to the institution/department/branch; how it plays a role in the development of the society, the state, region, nation and the world at large and how students can participate in it.

**SIP Module 4: Visit to a Local Area** 10 hours  
To relate to the social environment of the educational institution as well as the area in which it is situated through interaction with the people, place, history, politics...
**SIP Module 5: Lectures by Eminent People**  
06 hours  
Listening to the life and times of eminent people from various fields like academics, industry etc. about careers, art, self-management and so on enriches the student’s perspective and provides a holistic learning experience.

**SIP Module 6: Proficiency Modules**  
06 hours  
This module is to help fill the gaps in basic competency required for further inputs to be absorbed. It includes effort to make student proficient in interpersonal communication and expression as well as awareness about linguistic and thereafter NLP.

**SIP Module 7: Literature / Literary Activities**  
30 hours  
Through the exposure of local, national and international literature, this module is aimed at helping the student learn about traditional as well as contemporary values and thought.

**SIP Module 8: Creative Practices**  
49 hours  
This module is to help develop the clarity of humanistic culture and its creative, joyful expression through practice of art forms like dance, drama, music, painting, pottery, sculpture etc.

**SIP Module 9: Extra Curricular Activities**  
06 hours  
This is a category under which things that are not placed in any of the above may be placed. Some clubs and hobby group may be made for each of the above categories, so that students may pursue them even after SIP.

The recommended hours to be allocated are given above. Depending on the available faculty, staff, infrastructure, playgrounds, class timings, hostellers and day scholars etc., the timetable for these activities may be drawn up. Of course, colleges may conduct an inaugural function at the beginning of the SIP; and they may also conduct a celebratory closing ceremony at the end of the SIP.

In particular, during the lockdown phase, appropriate care may be taken and some or all activities may be planned in distance-learning or on-line mode.

### Sample 3-week Activity List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week 1</th>
<th>Inaugural Function</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Regular SIP Activities (See Hours Plan)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 2</td>
<td>Regular SIP Activities (See Hours Plan)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 3</td>
<td>Regular SIP Activities (See Hours Plan)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Valedictory and Closing Ceremony (Celebration)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Implementation**  
Every institution/college is expected to conduct the 3-week SIP under the guidance of the Director/Principal or Dean Students or a senior faculty member. For this, the institution is expected to make an SIP Cell / team, which will be responsible for planning, and then implementation of the SIP.
A UHV Cell is expected to be set up at each college and university. At the college, it will be managed by the UHV Convener / Coordinator under the chairpersonship of the director/principal. Faculty members and some students will be the members. They will coordinate the UHV activities like UHV-I during SIP, UHV-II, the faculty mentoring program and student buddy program throughout the student’s association with the institute/college. The UHV Cell will work to incorporate human values in every aspect of education at the institute/college. Preparing UHV Faculty (Mentors) is one of its important activities.

**Follow up**
The SIP is only the beginning of the interaction with newly joined students.

An important part of the SIP is to associate one faculty mentor to every small groups of about 20 students; and also associate one senior student buddy to an even smaller groups of about 5 students for the guidance required for holistic development of the newly joined student throughout his/her time in the institution/college.

These activities are to be continued in the ongoing academic program along with other cultural activities through various student clubs which are largely be managed by students with the help of one or more faculty mentors. One of the main responsibilities of the faculty mentors would be helping the clubs to review their activities in alignment with human values.

**Assessing the Implementation and Impact**
The institution / college is expected to take feedback and prepare appropriate reports for assessing the impact and for further improvement of SIP. The basic feedback forms are included with the SIP Teaching Materials.

The SIP and its further follow up is expected to positively impact common graduate attributes like:

- Holistic vision of life
- Socially responsible behaviour
- Environmentally responsible work
- Ethical human conduct

Having Competence and Capabilities for Maintaining Health and Hygiene

Appreciation and aspiration for excellence (merit) and gratitude for all

AICTE will conduct periodic assessment to ascertain the implementation efforts and impact of the SIP and related activities.

**Faculty Development**

To ensure the implementation of SIP, and in particular to prepare the faculty, the National Coordination Committee for Student Induction (NCC-IP) has been formed. It offers various faculty development programs (FDPs) with the support from AICTE HQ and Regional Offices.

**UHV Faculty (Mentors):** Every institution is expected to prepare UHV Faculty in the ratio of 1:20 (1 faculty per 20 newly admitted students). Faculty from every teaching department are to be prepared. The basic preparation is participation in an 8-day FDP-SI (UHV).

**Faculty for other Modules:** Institutions/colleges generally have faculty, coaches, student clubs, alumni for these areas. FDP and comprehensive material will also be made available.
Student Activity Cell (SAC) – SIP Cell, UHV Cell and Fostering Unit

Student Activity Cell will have three cells or units:

- Fostering Unit – for coordinating various student clubs and activities in alignment with human values and IKS through various student clubs
- SIP Cell – for coordinating the annual SIP
- UHV Cell – for coordinating regular UHV activities, including UHV-I during SIP and UHV-II during future semesters, faculty mentoring and student buddy programs etc.

Each cell / unit will have some axis. E.g. the Fostering Unit will have 3 axis:

- UHV Axis – for UHV inputs and activities after the SIP
- Health Axis – for health oriented inputs and activities after SIP
- Career Axis – for career related inputs

Each axis will have one or more dimensions. E.g. the UHV Axis will have two dimensions:

- UHV Dimension
- Social Work Dimension

- Details of the clubs will be based on local conditions.

- Director or Principal or Dean of Student affairs will be the Chairman of Student Activity Cell

- SIP Cell (or Induction Unit) will be managed by faculty members with the help of student volunteers. 5 to 7 faculty members will be the members. The SIP Cell will be responsible for planning, organization, coordination and reporting of the annual Student Induction Program with the help of other faculty members and student volunteers
• UHV Cell will be managed by the UHV Convener / Coordinator under the chairpersonship of the director/principal. Faculty members and some students will be the members. They will coordinate the UHV activities like UHV-I during SIP, UHV-II 3rd/4th semester, faculty mentoring program and student buddy program throughout the student’s association with the institute/college. UHV Cell will work to incorporate human values in every aspect of education at the institute/college. Preparing UHV Faculty (Mentors) is one of its activities.

• Fostering unit will largely be managed by students with the help of one fostering unit faculty mentor. Student will be coordinators for axis, dimensions and clubs. Fostering unit will take support from induction unit as and when required. It will be responsible for coordinating various student clubs and activities in alignment with human values and Indian Knowledge System.

SIP Teaching Material and More Details
The SIP Handbook as well as detailed guides and material for each of the modules is available on the AICTE website (http://www.fdp-si.aicte-india.org/download.php).

Details and Reference Documents:
- G012 SIP Handbook v2
- Teaching Material for UHV-I v2.1
- Teaching Material for SIP modules 2 to 9 v1
- G008 Facilitator (Mentor) Manual Version 2.1
- G911 UHV Cell, Nodal and Resource Centres
- G009 RP Development Process v2

#Note: For CSE UG Students only
The Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communication, Government of India is going to auction 5G spectrum shortly. The adoption of 5G will accelerate employment generation in telecom and technology industry. The 5G Technology will penetrate the entire telecom ecosystem of hardware, software and services that are critical for implementation of other futuristic technologies like Internet of Thing (IoT), Machine-to-Machine (M2M) communication, edge computing etc. Innovative applications in various sectors like agriculture, transportation, power etc. will use and requires knowledge of inherent features of 5G. There will be huge requirement of market ready talent pool in 5G technology.

Considering the need for specialized courses and modules on SG Technology, National Telecommunication Institute for Policy & Research, Innovation & Training (NTIPRIT)-Department of Telecommunication, after due consultation with academia and industry, sent a proposal to AICTE vide No. 1-3/2020-NTI.TS-SD dated 09.03.2021 to include the following:
- A full Semester course on "Advanced Mobile Communications" for UG
- A 14-hour 5G awareness Program for UG Students;
5G Awareness Programme for UG students (14 hours)

Course Title: Introduction to 5G

Topics to be covered

1. IMT2020 enhancements in comparison to IMT Advanced
2. 5G potential and applications
3. Usage scenarios: eMBB, URLLC, MMTC
4. Spectrum for 5G and spectrum sharing
5. Millimeter wave communication and small cells
7. Massive MIMO and beam forming
8. Multi-access edge computing
9. Software defined networks
10. Network slicing
11. Current state of deployment
12. Large cell scenarios: LMLC

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